ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2024

And Report of Independent Auditor



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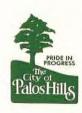
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CITY OF PALOS HILLS

GERALD R. BENNETT Mayor

RUDY A. MULDERINK City Clerk KENNETH J. NOLAN City Treasurer

December 9, 2024

ALDERMEN

Martin Kleefisch Mike Price

Pauline A. Stratton Mark Brachman

A. J. Pasek Mike Lebarre

Phillip Abed Peter A. Donahue

Dawn M. Nowak Donna O'Connell The Citizens and Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Palos Hills, Illinois:

The annual comprehensive financial report for the City of Palos Hills, Illinois, for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024, is submitted herewith. The report has been prepared by the Treasurer's Office. The Mayor and the Treasurer are responsible for all financial transactions of the City of Palos Hills and for the contents of the annual comprehensive financial report. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

Generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The City's reporting entity includes the City government and all related organization for which the City exercises financial accountability as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The City has developed criteria to determine whether outside agencies with activities which benefit the citizens of the City should be included within its financial reporting entity. Governmental entities, such as School Districts 117, 118, 230 and 524, North Palos fire Protection District, and the Green Hills Public Library which are located primarily with in the City's limits are not included in the City's reporting entity. The City exercises no financial accountability for these entities, and they are therefore not included in the City's basic financial statements.

The City and Its Services

The City of Palos Hills was incorporated as a City in 1958 and adopted the Mayor Alderman form of government. The Mayor, Clerk, Treasurer, and the ten Alderman of the City Council are elected for four-year terms.

The City of Palos Hills is a residential community of 18,530 people. It is approximately twenty-two miles southwest of downtown Chicago in Cook County.

The City of Palos Hills provides basic municipal services which include:

Administration Police
Building and Zoning Public Works
Community Resource and Recreation P.A.T.S.E.*
Golf Course Sewer and Water

Major Initiatives

Economic Condition and Outlook

The City's share of the total tax bill is less than 6% of total local property tax bill and the City has no general obligated bond indebtedness. The City has adopted a Utility Tax of 5%, an Eating Tax of 1% and Video Gaming Tax of 5%. These funds are anticipated to replenish fund reserves by \$1 million annually.

For the Year

The City of Palos Hills continues major infrastructure improvements in such areas as road resurfacing, drainage, improvements, and flood control. We maintain one of the lowest water and sewer rates in the area.

We have initiated several major programs and services for the health, safety, and welfare of our citizens. A Community Crime Prevention Program continues to be maintained by the Police Department that alerts the community by increasing their awareness along with the cooperation of the Police Department to prevent local crime. The Police Department is a participant of the Drug Enforcement Administration that returns thousands of dollars in additional revenue to the City. The City continues to modernize the Police Department. Additional equipment purchases will come from the \$100,000 Federal Drug Enforcement Funds.

The City of Palos Hills maintains a 45-acre golf course that was a former landfill site. This project and its capitalization resulted in no additional requirement for a tax increase and with its opening in July 1990; the City now generates revenues that sustain the golf course operations. The Golf Course includes a Pro Shop and Banquet facilities in which to generate additional revenues. The City retired the debt certificates on the Golf Course.

In addition to the Golf Course, debt was used for renovations of City Hall and the police department building.

The City merged the Park and Recreation Department and the Community Resource Department to form the Community Resource & Recreation Department. These services are through the General Fund, thereby eliminating additional taxation. The department has generated great enthusiasm and community pride in sponsoring recreational programs and special events for both youth and senior citizens in the community. In recognition of their activities, the State of Illinois has awarded the City its Home Town Award for 32 years. With the cooperation of local builders, funds are provided for Park Development.

The City continues to work on a major Sewer and Water Rehab project throughout the City. A fee assessed to our residents on their monthly water bill undertakes the funding for this project. For the fiscal year, the City was MWRD ICAP compliant.

^{*} P.A.T.S.E. – Palos Area Transportation Service for the Elderly

Phases I and II of the Bennett Park development are complete. Bennett Park is the 30-acre Lake n' Park property which the City purchased in 2004. A walking path, a pedestrian bridge, and other recreational amenities were part of Phase I. Phase II consisted of construction of a Public Works and Police Facility on 9 acres of this property. Over the course of the project, the City received \$450,000 from the State of Illinois for improvements. The Public Works facility was completed in 2020.

For the 34th consecutive year, the City of Palos Hills has been named a recipient of the Tree City USA award.

The City continues to work with its software and hardware vendors to ensure safe and secure up-to-date computerization of all its systems. The City has a web site that keeps our residents informed on events, City codes and the ability to make payments for their water bills.

For the Future

The City of Palos Hills enters fiscal year 2025 on a very sound financial basis. Budgeted revenue and expenditures for the General Fund are balanced, and the City over the last two years has seen a significant over budget revenue surplus of \$2 million dollars in the operating fund. The City has received \$2.3 million dollars in Federal ARPA monies, which were designated for immediate recovery needs. The Sewer and Water Fund budgeted revenues and expenditures, with surplus revenue gains over the last 10 years, is reflected in our Sewer and Water unrestricted net position of \$5 million dollars. In addition, our long-term Sewer and Water Capital fund balance is \$1.2 million dollars. The City will continue to see this fund grow with planned capital improvements to the City infrastructure. The City Golf Enterprise Fund has also seen revenue surplus over the last two years.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The City of Palos Hills shall continue to pay down long-term capital debt service. The General Fund reserve is expected to increase with continued improvement in fiscal operations. Greater streamlining of General Fund operations in both staffing and expenditures should lead to a healthier fiscal condition in the long term. Capital improvement projects will be delayed until federal or state funding grants become more available, along with the ability of the City of Palos Hills to fiscally be able to provide some local match. The City passed a 3% cannabis tax, and will use this new revenue to contribute to the Police Pension Fund.

Future surplus revenues from the General Fund will also be contributed to the Police Pension with the goal of an additional \$3.5 million dollars over the next five years. The anticipated State of Illinois consolidation of the Police Pension Funds should generate an estimated 8% of investment return, which should significantly stabilize long term return on pension investments.

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

In developing and evaluating the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary control is maintained at the detailed account level through the use of departmental Internal Management reports with legal control at the fund level. These monthly departmental Internal Management reports are utilized to analyze actual versus the budget. The Mayor and City Council meet regularly to discuss the favorable and unfavorable variances to the actual to budget. Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Waterworks and Sewerage Fund and Golf Course Fund.

Financial Highlights

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operation of each fund is accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that includes its assets, liabilities, fund balance/net assets, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Capital Assets

The capital assets of the City are those assets used in the performance of general governmental functions. As of April 30, 2024, the capital assets of the City amounted to \$25,749,833. This amount represents the actual and estimated original cost, net of accumulated depreciation, of the assets and is less than their present replacement value. Annual appraisals are used for the updating of replacement values for insurance purposes with the City providing historical cost information.

Debt Administration

The City of Palos Hills has not been required to issue debt since 1967 and has a current a BBB+ bond rating, as there are no outstanding general debt obligations.

Independent Audit

In accordance with State statues, Cherry Bekaert LLP, of Orland Park, Illinois, conducted an independent audit for fiscal year ending April 30, 2024. Cherry Bekaert's audit included tests of the accounting records and accounting procedures in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. They are not responsible for presentation of the financial statements nor for the information contained in them. However, their tests have allowed them to issue an unmodified opinion on the general purpose financial statements.

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement to governmental units that publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The City of Palos Hills received the Certificate for thirty-five consecutive years since fiscal year 1988 through 2023.

The City of Palos Hills is herewith submitting the enclosed financial report for fiscal year ended April 30, 2024, lo re-apply for another Certificate of Achievement award. Since the Certificate is valid for a period of one year, the City will need to annually re-apply for certification. It is our goal of the City's Mayor and Council members to annually be eligible for the Certificate of Achievement award.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report could not have been completed without the efficiency and dedication of the entire staff of the Treasurer's Office. I should like to express my appreciation lo all members of the department who assisted and contributed to Its preparation.

I should also like to thank the Mayor and Council members for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City In a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Kenneth J. Nolan

Treasurer, City of Palos Hills



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

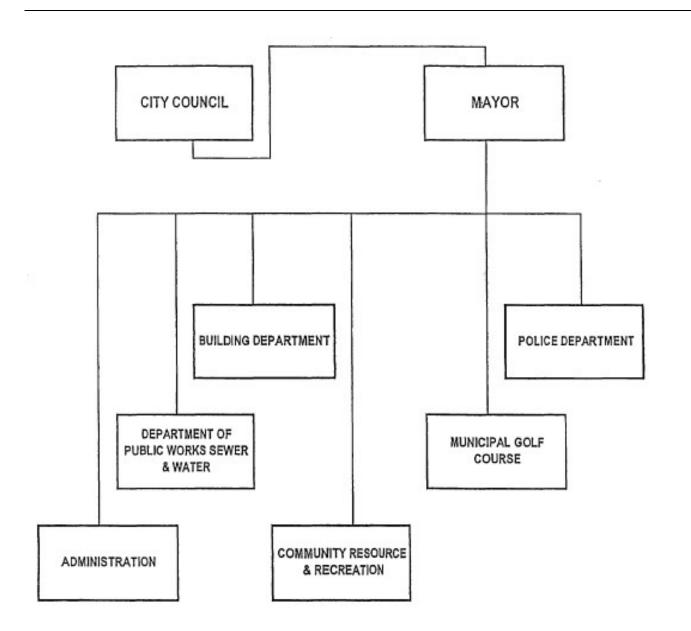
City of Palos Hills Illinois

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

April 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



OFFICERS AND OFFICIALS

APRIL 30, 2024

MAYOR

GERALD R. BENNETT

ALDERMEN

PHIL ABED
MARK BRACHMAN
MARTIN KLEEFISCH
MIKE LEBARRE
PETER DONAHUE
DAWN NOWAK
DONNA O'CONNELL
A.J. PASEK
MIKE PRICE
PAULINE STRATTON

CLERK
RUDY A. MULDERINK

TREASURER

KENNETH J. NOLAN

CHIEF OF POLICE

JEFF CUCIO

SEWER AND WATER COMMISSIONER

NICK OEFFLING

ATTORNEYS

GEORGE PAPPAS JOSEPH CAINKAR





Report of Independent Auditor

To the Honorable Members of the City Council City of Palos Hills, Illinois Palos Hills, Illinois

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Palos Hills, Illinois (the "City"), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of April 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the ability of the City to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

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In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control of the City. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the ability of the City to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and employee retirement and postemployment benefit plan information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The basic financial statements of the City as of April 30, 2023 were audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, by PKF Mueller, LLP, which was acquired by Cherry Bekaert LLP as of December 31, 2023, and whose report dated November 9, 2023 expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City as a whole. The individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended April 30, 2023, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the April 30, 2023 basic financial statements. The information was subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of those basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards. In our opinion, the April 30, 2023 individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory, statistical, and other information sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2024, on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting of the City and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting of the City or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the internal control over financial reporting and compliance of the City.

Orland Park, Illinois December 9, 2024

Cherry Bekaert LLP



APRIL 30, 2024

The City of Palos Hills' (the "City") Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter (beginning on page i) and the City's financial statements (beginning on page 1).

Using the Financial Section of this Comprehensive Annual Report

Prior to Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") 34, the primary focus of local governmental financial statements had been summarized fund-type information on a current financial resource basis. This was modified with GASB 34 for the City's financial statements to present two kinds of statements, each with a different snapshot of the City's finances. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year- to-year or government-to-government) and enhance the City's accountability.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 1-2) are designed to emulate the corporate sector in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns which add to a total for the Primary Government. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the City and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates the governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The Statement of Activities (see page 2) is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type), which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and/or subsidy to various business-type activities.

The Governmental Activities reflect the City's basic services, including police, public works, parks, and administration. Shared state sales, local utility and shared state income taxes finance the majority of these services. The Business-type Activities reflect private sector-type operations (Waterworks and Sewerage and Golf), where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is on Major Funds, rather than (the previous model's) fund types.

The Governmental Funds (see pages 3 and 5) presentation is presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the financial plan (the budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the Fund Financial Statements allow the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith.

APRIL 30, 2024

The Fund Financial Statements also allow the government to address its Fiduciary Fund (Police Pension, see pages 13-14). While this Fund represents trust responsibilities of the government, these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the government. Therefore, these assets are not presented as part of the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

While the Total Enterprise Funds column on the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (see pages 8-10) is the same as the Business-type Activities column on the Government-Wide Financial Statement, the Governmental Funds Total column requires a reconciliation because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources) which is reflected on the page following each statement (see pages 4 and 6). The flow of current financial resources will reflect bond proceeds and interfund transfers as other financial sources as well as capital expenditures and bond principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligation (bonds and others) into the Governmental Activities column (in the Government-Wide Financial Statements).

Infrastructure Assets

Historically, a government's largest group of assets (infrastructure – roads, bridges, storm sewers, etc.) have not been reported nor depreciated in governmental financial statements. GASB 34 requires that these assets be valued and reported within the Governmental column of the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Additionally, the government must elect to either (1) depreciate these assets over their estimated useful life or (2) develop a system of asset management designed to maintain the service delivery potential to near perpetuity. If the government develops the asset management system (the modified approach) which periodically (at least every third year), by category, measures and demonstrates its maintenance of locally established levels of service standards, the government may record its cost of maintenance in lieu of depreciation. The City has chosen to depreciate assets over their useful lives. If a road project is considered maintenance – a recurring cost that does not extend the road's original useful life or expand its capacity – the cost of the project will be expensed. An "overlay" of a road will be considered maintenance whereas a "rebuild" of a road will be capitalized.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position – As can be seen in Table 1 (see below), current assets and capital assets of the City remained relatively flat compared to the prior year.

Deferred outflows of resources decreased from April 30, 2023 to April 30, 2024 and deferred inflows of resources increased during the same period. These changes relate primarily to the pension funds of the City.

The liabilities of the City decreased from April 30, 2023 to April 30, 2024. The decrease relates primarily to the pension funds of the City.

Net Position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, total primary government assets exceeded liabilities by \$1.2 million as of April 30, 2024.

A significant portion of the City's Net Position reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, land improvements, streets and bridges, storm sewers, water mains, buildings, and vehicles) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

APRIL 30, 2024

	Gov	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	2	2024	- :	2023	- 2	2024	2	2023		2024		2023
Current and other assets	\$	10.6	\$	10.8	\$	5.1	\$	4.9	\$	15.7	\$	15.7
Capital assets		18.5		18.2		7.3		6.8		25.8		25.0
Total Assets		29.1		29.0		12.4		11.7		41.5		40.7
Deferred outflows of resources		12.0		15.7		1.4		1.3		13.4		17.0
Current and other liabilities		1.1		1.2		0.4		0.5		1.5		1.7
Long-term liabilities outstanding		36.7		42.2		1.8		1.4		38.5		43.6
Total liabilities		37.8		43.4		2.2		1.9		40.0		45.3
Deferred inflows of resources		13.2		8.8		0.5		0.5		13.7		9.3
Net position (deficit):												
Net investment in capital assets		12.8		12.2		6.6		6.7		19.4		18.9
Restricted		0.7		1.7		-		-		0.7		1.7
Unrestricted		(23.4)		(21.4)		4.5		3.9		(18.9)		(17.5)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(9.9)	\$	(7.5)	\$	11.1	\$	10.6	\$	1.2	\$	3.1

The City's combined Net Position, which is the City's equity, decreased by \$1.9 million compared with the prior year. Business-type activities Net Position increased by \$0.5 million compared with the prior year. Governmental activities Net Position decreased by \$2.4 million for a year-end deficit of \$9.9 million.

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation.

Net Results of Activities - which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted Net Position.

Borrowing for Capital – which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital – which will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase in invested in capital assets and an increase in related net debt which will not change the invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Spending of Non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital – which will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) will reduce unrestricted Net Position and increase invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Principal Payment on Debt – which will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted Net Position and increase invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation – which will reduce capital assets and invested in capital assets, net of debt.

Current Year Impacts

The decrease in Net Position for the governmental activities is primarily due to changes in the City's future liability to its retirees associated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and Police Pension Fund, and the increase in the liability recognized for postemployment benefits.

The City's governmental activities Net Position decreased by \$2.4 million in the current year primarily due to decrease in grant revenue. The City's business-type activities Net Position increased by \$0.7 million before transfers in the current year, due primarily to improve operating results and increased water rates in the waterworks and sewerage fund.

APRIL 30, 2024

Changes in Net Position

The following chart compares the revenue and expenses for the current fiscal year.

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total Primary Gove			vernment	
	2	024		2023		2024		2023	2024		2023	
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	2.3	\$	2.2	\$	7.5	\$	7.2	\$	9.8	\$	9.4
Operating grants and contributions		0.1		1.2		-		-		0.1		1.2
Capital grants and contributions		1.4		1.8		-		-		1.4		1.8
General revenues:												
Property taxes		2.5		2.4		-		-		2.5		2.4
Other taxes		6.5		6.4		-		-		6.5		6.4
Other income		1.5		1.4		0.2		-		1.7		1.4
Total Revenues		14.3		15.4		7.7		7.2		22.0		22.6
Expenses:												
General government		2.8		2.6		-		-		2.8		2.6
Parks and recreation		1.4		0.7		0.4		0.3		1.8		1.0
Public safety		9.8		9.6		-		-		9.8		9.6
Public works		2.7		2.9		6.6		6.4		9.3		9.3
Interest on long-term debt		0.2		0.2		-		-		0.2		0.2
Total Expenses		16.9		16.0		7.0		6.7		23.9		22.7
Change in net position before transfers		(2.6)		(0.6)		0.7		0.5		(1.9)		(0.1)
Transfers		0.2		0.5		(0.2)		(0.5)				
Change in net position		(2.4)		(0.1)		0.5		-		(1.9)		(0.1)
Net position at beginning of year		(7.5)		(7.4)		10.6		10.6		3.1		3.2
Net position at end of year	\$	(9.9)	\$	(7.5)	\$	11.1	\$	10.6	\$	1.2	\$	3.1

There are eight basic impacts on revenues and expenses as reflected below:

Normal Impacts Revenues:

Economic Condition – which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on state income, sales and utility tax revenue as well as public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees and volumes of consumption.

Increase/Decrease in City Board Approved Rates – while certain tax rates are set by statute, the City Board has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, wastewater, impact fee, building fees, home rule sales tax, etc.).

Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental and Grant Revenue (both recurring and non-recurring) – certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year-to-year comparisons.

Market Impacts on Investment Income – the City's investment portfolio is managed using a similar average maturity to most governments. Market conditions may cause investment income to fluctuate.

Expenses:

Introduction of New Programs – within the functional expense categories (Public Safety, Public Works, General Government, Parks, etc.) individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

APRIL 30, 2024

Increase in Authorized Personnel – changes in service demand may cause the City Board to increase/decrease authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represent 62% of the City's operating costs.

Salary Increases (Annual Adjustments and Merit) – the ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the City to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

Inflation – while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the City is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuels, and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases.

Current Year Impacts Revenues:

The City's governmental activities total revenues decreased by \$1.1 million when compared to the prior year amount of \$15.4 million. The decrease relates primarily to operating grant and capital grant revenues.

The City's business-type activities total revenues increased by \$0.5 million when compared to the prior year amount of \$7.2 million.

The Police Pension Fund investment returns increased to 8.88% in 2024 attributable to favorable market conditions. Actuarial assumptions estimate an annual expected rate of return of 6.5% for Pension Fund purposes. Benefit payments decreased by 3 percent in 2024. The decrease is attributable to prior year transfers to other pension, which did not occur in 2024.

Expenses:

The City's total expenses for governmental activities for the year ended April 30, 2024, were \$16.9 million, an increase of \$0.9 million, compared to \$16 million reported as of April 30, 2023.

The City's total expenses for business-type activities for the year ended April 30, 2024, were \$7 million. The Waterworks and Sewage activities accounted for the largest share of the total, which was \$6.6 million. The City maintains its own wastewater treatment plant. Additionally, the City provides Lake Michigan water to its residents by purchasing its water supply from the Village of Oak Lawn. The waterworks and sewerage accounted for 94% of the total business-type activities. The remaining business-type activities expense related to the operations of the City golf course.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental Funds

On April 30, 2024, the governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 5) reported a combined fund balance of \$7.9 million. Expenditures and other financing uses exceeded revenues and other financing sources in 2024, netting \$605K.

The General Fund experienced an operating income of \$158K after other financing sources. This resulted in a year-end fund balance of \$5.6 million. Revenues decreased by \$754K, and expenditures increased by \$807K. Intergovernmental tax revenues decreased by \$935K over the prior year, due to the City exhausting the *American Rescue Plan Act* funding in the prior year. Public safety expenditures increased by \$514K, attributable to pension costs.

Capital outlay public safety expenditures increased by \$572K attributable to the purchase of police vehicles. General Fund total other financing sources was \$664K for the year ended April 30, 2024. The current year other financing sources are attributable to leases and transfers in, consistent with the prior year.

APRIL 30, 2024

The Capital Projects Fund experienced a current year increase in fund balance of \$227K, resulting in a year-end fund balance of \$1.2 million. The net change in fund balance in prior year amounted to \$683K.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund experienced a current year decrease in fund balance of \$654K, resulting in a year-end fund balance of \$564K. The decrease in fund balance is primarily the result of a slight increase in expenditures and a slight decrease in revenues from the prior year.

The nonmajor governmental funds remained consistent with the prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

At the first City Council Committee meeting in May, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them. The City had no budget amendments for fiscal year ended April 30, 2024. The following is a table that reflects the original budget and the actual activity for the revenues and expenditures for the General Fund.

	Original and Final Budget 2024			Actual 2024		Original and Final Budget 2023		Actual 2023	
Revenues and other financing sources:									
Taxes and intergovernmental	\$	7.6	\$	9.2	\$	7.2	\$	10.0	
Licenses, permits and fees		1.0		0.9		1.1		1.1	
Intragovernmental		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.3	
Fines and forfeitures		0.8		0.9		0.8		0.8	
Other		-		0.4		-		0.2	
Other financing sources	-			0.7		0.1		1.0	
Total revenues and other financing sources		9.7		12.4		9.5		13.4	
Expenditures and other financing uses:									
General government		1.9		2.3		1.9		2.4	
Parks and recreation		0.5		0.6		0.6		0.6	
Public safety		6.3		7.0		6.1		6.4	
Public works		0.8		1.0		0.7		0.9	
Debt service		-		0.5		-		0.7	
Capital outlay		0.2		0.8		0.2		0.3	
Other financing uses				-					
Total expenditures and other financing uses		9.7		12.2		9.5		11.3	
Change in fund balance	\$		\$	0.2	\$		\$	2.1	

APRIL 30, 2024

As shown above the General Fund planned a balanced budget, and actual results were over at \$0.2 million. There are several factors to note regarding the budget to actual comparison. The City does not budget debt service expenditures, which amounted to \$0.5 million in actual expenditures. Excess revenues above the budgeted amounts were offset by transfers out to other funds. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues were 21% higher than the budgeted amount attributable to increases in State Income Tax and Sales Tax.

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year 2024, the City had a combined total of capital assets of \$25.8 million (after accumulated depreciation of \$26.3 million) invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, land improvements, buildings, vehicles, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, streets, bridges, water mains, storm sewers and sanitary sewer lines. (See Table 4 below.)

The Net Capital Assets of the City increased by \$0.8 million from 2023.

For more detailed information related to capital assets see Note II. E. of the Basic Financial Statements.

	Net								
	Balance			tions/	Bal	ance			
	April 30, 2023			tions	April 3	80, 2024			
Land	\$	7.6	\$	-	\$	7.6			
Land improvements		0.7		-		0.7			
Buildings and building improvements		10.8		(0.3)		10.5			
Water distribution and production facilities		3.7		-		3.7			
Machinery and equipment		0.9		0.7		1.6			
Furniture and fixtures		0.3		-		0.3			
Vehicles		0.9		0.4		1.3			
Infrastructure		0.1				0.1			
Total	\$	25.0	\$	0.8	\$	25.8			

Debt Outstanding

The City has \$5 million in debt certificates outstanding at April 30, 2024. In the current year the City paid down \$0.2 million.

The City also has \$0.9 million in installment contracts outstanding at April 30, 2024. The City continues to pay these down annually.

The City's legal debt limitation of \$44,810,272 is based on 8.625% of the 2023 equalized assessed valuation of \$519,539,384 (most recent information available). Other than debt certificates the City has no outstanding general obligation debt.

For more detailed information related to debt outstanding see Note II. F. of the Basic Financial Statements.

APRIL 30, 2024

Economic Factors

The financial condition of the City of Palos Hills is positive with fiscal 2024 revenues increasing and should continue into 2025. The 2020 U.S. Census showed Palos Hills increase its population by 1,100 people, the second highest percent increase in all of the Chicago Southland. The City will gain additional Federal and State revenue sharing monies with this increase in population.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Ken Nolan, Treasurer, City of Palos Hills, 10355 South Roberts Road, Palos Hills, Illinois 60465.





CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

APRIL 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 7,437,555	\$ 4,480,584	\$ 11,918,139
Property taxes	1,255,384	_	1,255,384
Accounts	-	628,241	628,241
Leases	497,317	-	497,317
Other	398,075	-	398,075
Due from other governmental units	1,024,272	-	1,024,272
Internal balances	18,935	(18,935)	-
Prepaid items	-	41,706	41,706
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Capital assets net of accumulated	5,404,581	2,215,779	7,620,360
depreciation/amortization	13,085,807	5,043,666	18,129,473
Total Assets	29,121,926	12,391,041	41,512,967
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources related to			
pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to	11,308,124	835,781	12,143,905
other postemployment benefits	674,720	590,774	1,265,494
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,982,844	1,426,555	13,409,399
LIABILITIES	405.045	000 000	000.047
Accounts payable	495,815	366,832	862,647
Accrued payroll Accrued interest	431,657 83,679	118,187	549,844 83,679
Deposits payable	55,235	<u>-</u>	55,235
Noncurrent liabilities:	33,233	_	33,233
Due within one year	511,725	123,675	635,400
Due in more than one year	36,167,385	1,674,695	37,842,080
Total Liabilities	37,745,496	2,283,389	40,028,885
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes levied for future period	1,218,092	-	1,218,092
Lease related	479,555	-	479,555
Deferred inflows of resources related to			
pensions	11,213,071	115,572	11,328,643
Deferred inflows of resources related to			
other postemployment benefits	333,918	349,643	683,561
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,244,636	465,215	13,709,851
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	12,841,299	6,622,090	19,463,389
Street maintenance	564,107	-	564,107
Police protection	178,431	-	178,431
Other restricted items	6,551	-	6,551
Unrestricted (deficit)	(23,475,750)	4,446,902	(19,028,848)
Total Net Position	\$ (9,885,362)	\$ 11,068,992	\$ 1,183,630

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

		1	Program Revenue	es	Changes	in Net Position	(Deficit)
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs:							
Governmental activities:	# 0.004.000	ф. 4.040.400	Φ 405.744	•	Φ (4.570.000)	Φ.	Φ (4.570.000)
General government	\$ 2,694,809	\$ 1,010,493	\$ 105,714	\$ -	, , , , ,	\$ -	\$ (1,578,602)
Parks	1,427,800	314,099	40.040	-	(1,113,701)	-	(1,113,701)
Public safety Public works	9,919,277	909,174	42,918	1,358,096	(8,967,185)	-	(8,967,185)
Interest on long-term debt	2,687,148 204,449	-	-	1,356,096	(1,329,052) (204,449)	-	(1,329,052) (204,449)
G							
Total Governmental Activities	16,933,483	2,233,766	148,632	1,358,096	(13,192,989)		(13,192,989)
Business-type activities:							
Waterworks and sewerage	6,660,656	6,996,674	-	-	-	336,018	336,018
Golf course	353,290	442,564				89,274	89,274
Total Business-type Activities	7,013,946	7,439,238	_	-	_	425,292	425,292
Total Functions/Programs	\$ 23,947,429	\$ 9,673,004	\$ 148,632	\$ 1,358,096	(13,192,989)	425,292	(12,767,697)
General revenues and transfers:							
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property					2,543,951	-	2,543,951
Utility					1,005,480	-	1,005,480
Intergovernmental - unrestricted:							
State income					3,399,907	-	3,399,907
State sales					1,331,355	-	1,331,355
Local use					710,309	-	710,309
Personal property replacement					47,538	-	47,538
Interest income					188,717	166,984	355,701
Miscellaneous income					1,406,970	-	1,406,970
Transfers					150,000	(150,000)	
Total General Revenues and Transfers					10,784,227	16,984	10,801,211
Change in net position (deficit)					(2,408,762)	442,276	(1,966,486)
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year					(7,476,600)	10,626,716	3,150,116
Net position (deficit) at end of year					\$ (9,885,362)	\$ 11,068,992	\$ 1,183,630
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The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements. 2



CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

APRIL 30, 2024

	General	Capital Projects	Motor Fuel Tax	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,050,732	\$ 1,564,110	\$ 509,099	\$ 313,614	\$ 7,437,555
Property taxes receivable	1,255,384	-	-	-	1,255,384
Leases receivable	497,317	-	-	-	497,317
Other receivables	241,344	102,744	-	-	344,088
Due from other funds	34,799	8,105	3,299	-	46,203
Due from other governmental units	945,208		79,064		1,024,272
Total Assets	\$ 8,024,784	\$ 1,674,959	\$ 591,462	\$ 313,614	\$ 10,604,819
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 252,486	\$ 215,974	\$ 27,355	\$ -	\$ 495,815
Accrued payroll	431,657	-	-	-	431,657
Deposits payable	55,235	-	-	-	55,235
Due to other funds	27,208	60	_		27,268
Total Liabilities	766,586	216,034	27,355		1,009,975
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Property taxes levied for future period	1,218,092	-	-	-	1,218,092
Lease related	479,555				479,555
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,697,647				1,697,647
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable	17,762	-	-	-	17,762
Restricted	6,551	-	564,107	178,431	749,089
Committed	-	1,458,925	-	-	1,458,925
Assigned	-	-	-	135,183	135,183
Unassigned	5,536,238			_	5,536,238
Total Fund Balances	5,560,551	1,458,925	564,107	313,614	7,897,197
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 8,024,784	\$ 1,674,959	\$ 591,462	\$ 313,614	\$ 10,604,819

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

APRIL 30, 2024

Fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 7,897,197
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Other receivables were recognized for governmental activities but are not receivable in the current period and therefore are not reported as an asset in the governmental		
funds		53,987.00
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		18,490,388
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and debt certificates payable, are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Long-term liabilities and related accounts at year-end consist of the following:		
Debt certificates	\$ (4,955,000)	
Installment contracts payable	(332,317)	
Leases	(28,179)	
Unamortized issuance premium	(337,675)	
Unamortized issuance discount	4,082	
Compensated absences payable	(564,256)	
Net pension liabilities	(29,567,216)	
Total other postemployment benefits liability	(898,549)	
Total		(36,679,110)
Accrued interest payable was recognized for governmental activities but is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported as a liability in		
the governmental funds.		(83,679)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$11,308,124	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(11,213,071)	
Total		95,053
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are applicable to future periods, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	\$ 674,720	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(333,918)	
Total		340,802
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (9,885,362)
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The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

_	General		_ Capita	ıl Projects	Moto	or Fuel Tax	Total No Govern Fun	mental	Total	Governmental Funds
Revenues:			_		_		_		_	
Property taxes		3,951	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,543,951
Utility taxes	,	5,480		-		-		-		1,005,480
Licenses, permits and fees		4,855		1,249,505		4 000 000		-		2,184,360
Intergovernmental	,	4,823		335,734		1,022,362		42,918		6,995,837
Intragovernmental Fines and forfeitures		0,000 6,543		-		-		-		300,000 876,543
Rental income		9,886		-		-		-		9,886
Interest income		0,438		35,042		2.717		520		188.717
Miscellaneous income		4,657		33,042		2,717		26,200		250,857
Total Revenues		0,633	-	1,620,281		1,025,079		69,638		14,355,631
Expenditures:		0,000		.,020,201		1,020,010		00,000		,000,001
Current:										
General government	2.30	7,657		_		_		_		2,307,657
Parks		0,597		_		_		_		580,597
Public safety		4,628		_		_		_		6,954,628
Public works	,	1,346		_		1,679,284		_		2,630,630
Capital outlay:		.,				.,,				_,,,,,,,,
General government	23	7,815		-		-		-		237,815
Parks		_		1,107,490		-		_		1,107,490
Public safety	59	5,223		-		-		130,023		725,246
Public works		7,379		-		-		-		7,379
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	30	7,274		-		-		61,384		368,658
Interest and fees	20	5,430				_		18,342		223,772
Total Expenditures	12,14	7,349		1,107,490		1,679,284		209,749		15,143,872
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	(50	6,716)		512,791		(654,205)	(140,111)		(788,241)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Leases		3,775		-		-		-		13,775
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		5,840		11,850		-		1,400		19,090
Transfers in	64	4,803		-		-		-		644,803
Transfers out				(297,800)			(197,003)		(494,803)
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	66	4,418		(285,950)			(195,603)		182,865
Net change in fund balances	15	7,702		226,841		(654,205)	(335,714)		(605,376)
Fund balances at beginning of year	5,40	2,849		1,232,084		1,218,312		649,328		8,502,573
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 5,56	0,551	\$	1,458,925	\$	564,107	\$	313,614	\$	7,897,197

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(605,376)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized expenditures (\$983,959) exceeded depreciation (\$663,354) in the			
current period.			320,605
Loss on disposal of capital assets is not recognized in the governmental funds.			(72,302)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, installment contracts) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt uses current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is summarized as follows:			
Principal repayment of debt certificates Lease issued Principal repayment of leases Principal repayment of installment contracts Amortization of issuance premium Amortization of issuance discount	\$ 240,000 (13,775) 7,598 121,060 23,087 (907)		
Total			377,063
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. This is the			
amount by which accrued interest expense changed from the prior year. Certain other receivables do not provide a source of current financial resources.			(2,857)
Therefore, the change in the receivable amount is not reported in the governmental funds.			(19,975)
Compensated absences do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the change in this liability is not reported in the governmental funds.			(17,589)
Governmental funds report City pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned is reported as pension expense. This is the amount by which pension benefits earned exceeded City pension contributions in the current period.			(2,480,636)
Other postemployment benefits do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, the changes in this liability and the related deferred outflows and inflows of resources are not reported in the governmental funds.			02 3UE
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	92,305 (2,408,762)
- The state of the		_	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	_		_		_		
Property taxes	\$	2,340,000	\$	2,543,951	\$	203,951	
Utility taxes		1,046,000		1,005,480		(40,520)	
Licenses, permits and fees		950,800		934,855		(15,945)	
Intergovernmental		4,306,119		5,594,823		1,288,704	
Intragovernmental		300,000		300,000		-	
Fines and forfeitures		802,500		876,543		74,043	
Rental income		-		9,886		9,886	
Interest income		15,000		150,438		135,438	
Miscellaneous income		33,500		224,657		191,157	
Total Revenues		9,793,919		11,640,633		1,846,714	
Expenditures: Current:							
General government		1,926,000		2,307,657		(381,657)	
Parks		522,149		580,597		(58,448)	
Public safety		6,344,915		6,954,628		(609,713)	
Public works		803,551		951,346		(147,795)	
Debt service:						,	
Principal retirement		15,334		307,274		(291,940)	
Interest and fees		-		205,430		(205,430)	
Capital outlay:						, ,	
General government		138,000		237,815		(99,815)	
Public safety		77,170		595,223		(518,053)	
Public works		6,800		7,379		(579)	
Total Expenditures		9,833,919		12,147,349		(2,313,430)	
Deficiency of revenues							
over expenditures		(40,000)		(506,716)		(466,716)	
Other financing sources:							
Leases		-		13,775		13,775	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		40,000		5,840		(34,160)	
Transfers in		_		644,803		644,803	
Total Other Financing Sources		40,000		664,418		624,418	
Net change in fund balances		-		157,702		157,702	
Fund balances at beginning of year		5,402,849		5,402,849		-	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	5,402,849	\$	5,560,551	\$	157,702	

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOISSTATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

APRIL 30, 2024

		Business-type Activities						
	Waterworks and Sewerage			Golf Course		al Enterprise Funds		
ASSETS			-					
Current Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,439,043	\$	41,541	\$	4,480,584		
Receivables:								
Accounts billed		54,845		-		54,845		
Accounts unbilled		573,396		-		573,396		
Due from other funds		1,820		15,045		16,865		
Prepaid items		41,706		-		41,706		
Total Current Assets		5,110,810		56,586		5,167,396		
Noncurrent Assets:								
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized		-		2,215,779		2,215,779		
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net		4,836,747		206,919		5,043,666		
Total Noncurrent Assets		4,836,747		2,422,698		7,259,445		
Total Assets		9,947,557		2,479,284		12,426,841		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to other		801,248		34,533		835,781		
postemployment benefits		572,107		18,667		590,774		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,373,355		53,200		1,426,555		

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOISSTATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

APRIL 30, 2024

	Business-type Activities					
	Waterworks and Sewerage			Golf Course	Tot	al Enterprise Funds
LIABILITIES		-				
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	336,792	\$	30,040	\$	366,832
Accrued payroll and compensated absences		108,797		9,390		118,187
Due to other funds		34,799		1,001		35,800
Current portion of leases		2,120		7,628		9,748
Current portion of installment contracts		96,827		17,100		113,927
Total Current Liabilities		579,335		65,159		644,494
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Leases, less current portion		6,338		4,672		11,010
Installment contracts, less current portion		445,633		57,037		502,670
Net pension liability		326,125		14,056		340,181
Total other postemployment benefits liability		805,703		15,131		820,834
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,583,799		90,896		1,674,695
Total Liabilities		2,163,134		156,055		2,319,189
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to other		108,294		7,278		115,572
postemployment benefits		344,020		5,623		349,643
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		452,314		12,901		465,215
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		4,285,829		2,336,261		6,622,090
Unrestricted		4,419,635		27,267		4,446,902
Total Net Position	\$	8,705,464	\$	2,363,528	\$	11,068,992

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-type Activities						
	Waterworks and Sewerage	Golf Course	Total Enterprise Funds				
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 6,958,503	\$ 370,111	\$ 7,328,614				
Permits and fees	13,370	-	13,370				
Retail and concession sales	-	65,535	65,535				
Miscellaneous income	24,801	6,918	31,719				
Total Operating Revenues	6,996,674	442,564	7,439,238				
Operating expenses:							
Personnel	1,915,174	157,352	2,072,526				
Employee benefits	562,002	12,987	574,989				
Water purchases	2,505,192	-	2,505,192				
Electrical energy	56,232	-	56,232				
Systems maintenance	365,303	-	365,303				
Cost of sales	-	23,545	23,545				
Contractual services	466,549	33,451	500,000				
Commodities and supplies	-	43,801	43,801				
Intragovernmental	300,000	-	300,000				
Rental, repairs, and maintenance	71,109	894	72,003				
Miscellaneous	177,245	25,883	203,128				
Depreciation / amortization	211,338	49,543	260,881				
Non-capitalized capital outlay	28,157	-	28,157				
Total operating expenses	6,658,301	347,456	7,005,757				
Operating income	338,373	95,108	433,481				
Nonoperating revenue (expense):							
Interest income	166,937	47	166,984				
Interest expense	(2,355)	(5,834)	(8,189)				
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	164,582	(5,787)	158,795				
Income before transfers	502,955	89,321	592,276				
Transfers out	(150,000)		(150,000)				
Change in net position	352,955	89,321	442,276				
Net position at beginning of year	8,352,509	2,274,207	10,626,716				
Net position at end of year	\$ 8,705,464	\$ 2,363,528	\$ 11,068,992				

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOISSTATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-type Activities					
	Waterworks and Sewerage		Golf Course		E	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments for personnel Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	6,990,947 (3,939,123) (2,719,463) 332,361	\$	442,564 (123,082) (184,433) 135,049	\$	7,433,511 (4,062,205) (2,903,896) 467,410
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Collection of advances made to other funds Advances made to other funds Repayments of advances received from other funds Transfers to other funds Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities		3,220 - (391,472) (150,000) (538,252)		(15,045) (27,818) - (42,863)		3,220 (15,045) (419,290) (150,000) (581,115)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Capital asset additions Principal payments on installment contracts Principal payments on leases Interest paid Net cash flows from capital and related financing acrtivities		(67,242) (73,789) (725) (2,355) (144,111)		(45,475) (16,173) (7,170) (5,834) (74,652)		(112,717) (89,962) (7,895) (8,189) (218,763)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income received		166,937		47		166,984
Net change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	(183,065) 4,622,108 4,439,043	\$	17,581 23,960 41,541	\$	(165,484) 4,646,068 4,480,584
Noncash capital and related financing activities: Capital assets acquired from issuance of installment contracts Capital assets acquired from issuance of leases	\$ \$	542,460 9,183	\$	- -	\$ \$	542,460 9,183

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

	Business-type Activities					
		erworks and Sewerage	Golf Course			Total nterprise Funds
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash						
provided by operating activities:						
Operating income	\$	338,373	\$	95,108	\$	433,481
Adjustments to reconcile operating income						
to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation / amortization		211,338		49,543		260,881
(Increase) decrease in:						
Receivables and other assets		(10,371)		-		(10,371)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		(113,621)		(8,993)		(122,614)
Deferred outflows of resources related to other						
postemployment benefits		45,694		2,815		48,509
Increase (decrease) in:						
Accounts payable		35,308		4,492		39,800
Accrued payroll and compensated absences		21,700		(86)		21,614
Net pension liability		(115,945)		(2,363)		(118,308)
Total other postemployment benefits liability		(10,734)		(588)		(11,322)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(187,915)		(6,161)		(194,076)
Deferred inflows of resources related to other						
postemployment benefits		118,534		1,282		119,816
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	332,361	\$	135,049	\$	467,410

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOISSTATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUND

APRIL 30, 2024

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 884,509
Receivables:	
Other	21,247
Prepaid items	4,301
Investments:	
Pooled investments	25,165,924
Total Assets	26,075,981
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	 126,408
NET POSITION	
Net position restricted for pensions	\$ 25,949,573

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - PENSION TRUST FUND

Additions: Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 1,910,144
Employees	 289,065
Total Contributions	 2,199,209
Investment income	2,167,123
Less investment expense	 (13,079)
Net investment income	 2,154,044
Total Additions	 4,353,253
Deductions:	
Benefit payments and refunds of member contributions	2,308,408
Administrative expenses	55,203
Total Deductions	 2,363,611
Change in net position	1,989,642
Net position at beginning of year	23,959,931
Net position at end of year	\$ 25,949,573



APRIL 30, 2024

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies

Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements.

The City has one fiduciary-type component unit, the Police Pension Fund. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Police Pension Fund is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the City's sworn police officers. The Police Pension Fund is reported as a pension trust fund.

Reporting Entity

The City of Palos Hills, Illinois (City) is located in Cook County, Illinois, and was first incorporated in 1958 under the provisions of the constitutional and general statutes of the state of Illinois. The City operates under an Aldermanic-Mayor form of government. The financial statements of the City include all operations of the City. The City provides a wide range of general municipal services, including police protection, garbage collection and disposal, parks and recreation, community planning and zoning, building inspection and safety, street building and maintenance, traffic control, animal control, street lighting, and general administrative services. In addition, water and sewer services and activities of a golf course are provided under an enterprise fund concept, with user charges set by the members of the City Council to ensure adequate coverage of operating expenses and payments on outstanding debt.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

Fiduciary Component Unit. The City's sworn police employees participate in the Police Pension Fund. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Police Pension Fund is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the City's sworn police officers. The City is obligated to fund all Police Pension Fund costs not funded by the Police Pension Fund participants based upon actuarial valuations, which creates a financial burden on the City. The state of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contributions levels, which results in the Police Pension Fund being fiscally dependent upon the City. The Police Pension Fund is reported as a pension trust fund and a stand-alone report is not issued.

Basis of Presentation - Government-wide financial statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the City's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's general government and waterworks and sewerage functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

APRIL 30, 2024

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The services which are administrated by the City and accounted for in the General Fund include general services, parks and recreation, public safety, and public works.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources earmarked or segregated for the acquisition and/or construction of capital assets, except those financed and accounted for in other funds.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for motor fuel tax allotments that are used for highways and streets throughout the City.

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The City's nonmajor special revenue fund is the DEA / Customs Revenue Fund.

Capital projects funds account for financial resources earmarked or segregated for the acquisition and/or construction of capital assets, except those financed and accounted for in other funds. The City's nonmajor capital projects fund is the Park Development Fund.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Waterworks and Sewerage Fund accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

The Golf Course Fund accounts for the provision of golf course services to customers. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing, and related debt service.

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary fund type:

The pension trust fund accounts for the activities of the Police Pension Fund, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees.

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

APRIL 30, 2024

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Additionally, property taxes are recognized as revenues in accordance with the City's appropriation ordinance. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, and pension and other postemployment benefits are recognized later based on specific accounting rules to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the City the right to use leased assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt, acquisitions under installment contracts, and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, utility taxes, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The proprietary and pension trust funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting.*

APRIL 30, 2024

Budgetary Information

- Budgetary Basis of Accounting The annual appropriations ordinance (budget) is adopted on a basis
 consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General
 Fund and enterprise funds. The budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. The City
 does not utilize an encumbrance system. The City follows these procedures in establishing the
 budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:
- At the first City Council meeting in March, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public budget hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- The budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. The budget for the period May 1, 2023 to April 30, 2024 was enacted April 20, 2023.
- For the year ended April 30, 2024, a legal budget was adopted for the General Fund, the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund, and the Golf Course Fund on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- Budgets were not adopted for special revenue and capital projects funds. These funds were primarily funded by grants and allotments, and effective budgetary control was alternately achieved by project approval.
- The operating budget can be amended by the City Council as long as the amended budget remains
 within the legal expenditures ceiling set forth by the appropriations ordinance. Transfers between line
 items and departments may be made by doing the action. During fiscal year 2024, no supplementary
 budgetary appropriations were necessary. The legal control is at the fund level.

Excess of Expenditures/Expenses over Appropriations

For the year ended April 30, 2024, expenditures exceeded the appropriation in the General Fund as follows:

	 Budget	Actual	Variance		
General Fund	\$ 9,833,919	\$ 12,147,349	\$	(2,313,430)	

The over expenditure in the General Fund was funded by greater than anticipated revenues and interfund transfers.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents – The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments – Investments of the City with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit and other nonparticipating investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year-end.

APRIL 30, 2024

The City invests in The Illinois Funds, an investment pool managed by the Illinois State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. The state of Illinois provides regulatory oversight of the Illinois Funds. Illinois Funds is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The Illinois Funds operates as a qualified external investment pool and thus reports all investments at amortized cost rather than fair value. The investment in The Illinois Funds by participants is also reported at amortized cost.

Prepaid Items – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of a prepaid item is recorded as an expense/expenditure when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets – Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles, furniture and fixtures, storm sewers, sanitary sewers, water distribution system, infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and right-to-use assets that are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed (except for intangible right-to-use assets, the measurement of which is discussed below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Land is not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible capital assets are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Classes	Years
Buildings	39 - 50
Furniture and fixtures	3 - 20
Infrastructure	25 - 40
Land improvements	20
Machinery and equipment	3 - 20
Vehicles	4 - 8
Water distribution, storm and sanitary system	40
	Term of
Right-to-use leased equipment	agreement

Long-term Obligations – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as gains (losses) on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Gains (losses) on refundings are reported as deferred inflows (outflows) of resources. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenses.

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In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. They are deferred outflows of resources related to pensions) and deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (see Note 3 for further discussion of deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits).

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. The City has four types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item, deferred revenue, is reported in the government-wide statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. The City reports deferred revenue from property taxes that are levied for a future period. Another item, deferred inflows of resources - lease related, is reported in the government-wide statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. Lease-related amounts are recognized at the inception of leases in which the City is the lessor. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded in an amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus certain additional amounts received from the lessee at or before commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease. The other items, reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position, are deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, (see Note 3 for further discussion of deferred inflows of resources related to pensions) and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (see Note 3 for further discussion of deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits).

Leases

Lessee – The City is a lessee for noncancelable leases of equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$1,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

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The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and, if applicable, purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with noncurrent liabilities on the statement of net position.

Lessor – The City is a lessor for noncancelable ground leases. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Net Position Flow Assumption – Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions – Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

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The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council may by resolution authorize an individual or body to assign fund balance. The City has not adopted such a resolution. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Revenues and Expenses/Expenditures

Program Revenues – Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes – Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on January 1 on property values assessed on the same date. Taxes are levied in December by passage of a tax levy ordinance. The tax levy is divided into two billings: the first billing is mailed on or about February 1 of the following year and the second billing is mailed on or about July 1 of the following year. The billings are considered past due 30 days after the respective tax billing date at which time the applicable property is subject to lien and penalties and interest are assessed. The City receives significant property tax distributions in the month following the due dates.

Compensated Absences – It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. The liability for unused vacation benefits is reported as incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for unused vacation benefits is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, an expense/expenditure is reported and a liability is recognized for the portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" at retirement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, in the year ending April 30, 2025 will affect the recognition and reporting of the City's liability for compensated absences. The General Fund is the primary governmental fund that is expected to be used to liquidate the accumulated liabilities.

Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses – Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

The principal operating revenue of the Waterworks and Sewerage enterprise fund is charges to customers for sales and services. The Waterworks and Sewerage Fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

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The principal operating revenue of the Golf Course Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Golf Course Fund include golf course maintenance, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

Effective May 1, 2023, the City implemented the provisions of GASB 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. Implementation of this guidance resulted in no changes in the reporting of the City's financial activities.

Effective May 1, 2023, the City implemented the provisions of GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The most significant change in the new guidance is the requirement for a government end user to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-of-use asset. Implementation of this guidance resulted in no changes in the reporting of the City's financial activities.

Effective May 1, 2023, the City implemented the provisions of GASB 99, *Omnibus 2022* that relate to leases, public-private partnerships, and subscription-based information technology arrangements. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Implementation of this guidance resulted in no changes in the reporting of the City's financial activities.

Note 2-Detailed notes on all activities and funds

Deposits and Investments

Cash and investments as of April 30, 2024 was comprised of the following:

	G	overnment-				
	wide Fiduciary			Total		
Cash on hand	\$	300	\$	-	\$	300
Deposits with financial institutions		9,748,624		884,509		10,633,133
The Illinois Funds money market accounts		2,169,215				2,169,215
Investments				25,165,924		25,165,924
Total	\$	11,918,139	\$	26,050,433	\$	37,968,572

Deposits – The City maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds. The Police Pension Fund also holds other deposits and investments separately from those of other funds.

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Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits might not be recovered. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk is to have all deposits either insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging institutions. As of April 30, 2024, \$9,519,877 of the City's bank balances of \$10,538,254 was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions.

Investments – As of April 30, 2024, the Police Pension Fund had the following investments:

Type of Investment	Fair Value	Average Credit Quality Ratings (1)	Weighted Average Years to Maturity (2)
Pooled investments	\$ 25,165,924	NR	N/A

⁽¹⁾ Ratings are provided where applicable to indicate associated *Credit Risk*. NR indicates that the investment is not rated. The ratings were from Moody's Investors Services or S&P Global Ratings.

Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund – Effective January 1, 2020, Illinois Public Act 101-610 consolidates the assets of the State's more than 650 downstate and suburban public safety pension funds into two consolidated investment funds. The authority of the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund ("IPOPIF") to manage Article 3 pension fund assets shall begin when there has been a physical transfer of the pension fund assets to the IPOPIF and the assets have been placed in the custody of the IPOPIF's custodian or custodians. The City transferred its assets to IPOPIF during the year ended April 30, 2023 per Article 3. Investments of the Police Pension Fund are combined in a commingled external investment pool and held by IPOPIF.

The Police Pension Fund retains all of its available cash with two financial institutions. Available cash is determined to be that amount which is required for the current expenditures of the plan. The excess of available cash is required to be transferred to IPOPIF for purposes of the long-term investment for the Police Pension Fund.

For additional information on IPOPIF's investments, a copy of the most recent report can be obtained from IPOPIF at 456 Fulton Street, Suite 402, Peoria, IL 61602 or at www.ipopif.org.

Investment Policies – The City's investments are subject to the following risks:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the City limits the investment portfolio to specific maturities not exceeding five years. All investments carry a fixed rate of interest.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's investment program is derived from the terms and provisions of the Illinois Compiled Statutes Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS 235) which allows investment in instruments of the United States of America or its agencies, money market mutual funds with a minimum AA rating by at least two of the three largest credit rating agencies, public treasurer's investment pool and commercial paper with one of the three highest classifications by at least two of the three standard credit rating agencies. The City's investment policy will minimize credit risk by limiting investments to the safest type of securities, pre-qualifying financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the City does business, and by diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

⁽²⁾ Interest Rate Risk is estimated using weighted average years to maturity. N/A indicates not available.

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Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City's investment policy does not restrict the amount of investments in any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The U.S. Treasury notes, U.S. agency securities, municipal bonds, and corporate bonds are held by the City's agent in the City's name. The Illinois Funds Investment Pool, mutual funds, and money market funds are not subject to custodial credit risk. The City does not have an investment policy with regards to custodial credit risk.

Police Pension Fund – IPOPIF is authorized to invest in all investments allowed by ILCS. The IPOPIF shall not be subject to any of the limitations applicable to investments of pension fund assets currently held by the transferor pension funds under Sections 1-113.1 through 1-113.12 or Article 3 of the Illinois Pension Code. IPOPIF's current investment policy was adopted by the Board of Trustees on December 17, 2021.

Fair Value Measurements

The Police Pension Fund categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs valued using quoted matrix pricing models; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

There were no changes in valuation techniques in the current year. The Police Pension Fund had the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2024:

Pooled investments – Valued at NAV of units held, which is the price at which the investment could be sold. The NAV is used as a practical expedient, and the estimated fair value is subject to uncertainty and therefore may differ from the value that would have been used had a readily available market for this investment existed, and the difference could be material.

The following table summarizes the investments of the Police Pension Fund by fair value level as of April 30, 2024:

	Quoted			
	Prices in			
	Active			
	Markets for	Significant	Significant	
	Identical	Observable	Unobservable	
	Assets	Inputs	Inputs	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
Pooled investments*	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,165,924

^{*} The pooled investments that were measured at NAV per share have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amount presented in this table is intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the statement of fiduciary net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Leases Receivable

The City, as a lessor, has entered into various ground lease agreements. The total amount of inflows of resources, including lease revenue and interest revenue, recognized during the year ended April 30, 2024 was \$42,331. As of April 30, 2024, the City's receivable for lease payments was \$497,317. The City also has a deferred inflow of resources associated with these leases that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of April 30, 2024, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$479,555.

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Due from/to Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_ A	Amount	
General Fund	Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	\$	34,799	
Golf Course Fund	General Fund		15,045	
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	General Fund		3,299	
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		8,105	
Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	General Fund		759	
Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	Golf Course Fund		1,001	
Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	Capital Projects Fund		60	
Total		\$	63,068	

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures/expenses occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made. Interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid in the following fiscal year.

Interfund Transfers

Transfer from	Transfer to	 Amount
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	\$ 297,800
DEA / Customs Revenue Fund	General Fund	195,360
Park Development Fund	General Fund	1,643
Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	General Fund	 150,000
Total		\$ 644,803

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.

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Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases/ Transfers		Ending Balance	
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:						
Land	\$	5,404,581	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5,404,581
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:						
Buildings		13,957,754	12,800		-	13,970,554
Furniture and fixtures		589,487	-		-	589,487
Infrastructure		2,236,450	-		-	2,236,450
Land improvements		1,720,417	20,008		-	1,740,425
Machinery and equipment		1,907,037	234,529		-	2,141,566
Vehicles		2,652,004	702,847		(212, 125)	3,142,726
Right-to-use leased equipment		28,266	13,775		-	42,041
Total capital assets being						
depreciated/amortized		23,091,415	 983,959		(212,125)	 23,863,249
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization						
for:						
Buildings		(3,224,200)	(298,577)		_	(3,522,777)
Furniture and fixtures		(314,151)	(17,260)		-	(331,411)
Infrastructure		(2,130,371)	(23,321)		-	(2,153,692)
Land improvements		(1,062,232)	(38,494)		-	(1,100,726)
Machinery and equipment		(1,416,152)	(144,370)		-	(1,560,522)
Vehicles		(2,100,006)	(133,379)		139,823	(2,093,562)
Right-to-use leased equipment		(6,799)	(7,953)		-	(14,752)
Total accumulated						
depreciation/amortization		(10,253,911)	(663,354)		139,823	 (10,777,442)
Total capital assets being						
depreciated/amortized, net		12,837,504	320,605		(72,302)	 13,085,807
Governmental activities capital			 			
assets, net	\$	18,242,085	\$ 320,605	\$	(72,302)	\$ 18,490,388

APRIL 30, 2024

	Be B		lr	ncreases	_	creases/ ansfers	Ending Balance	
Business-type activities:								_
Capital assets not being								
depreciated/amortized:			_					
Land	\$	2,215,779	\$		\$		_\$	2,215,779
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:								
Buildings		1,011,436		-		-		1,011,436
Furniture and fixtures		53,349		3,800		-		57,149
Land improvements		5,500		-		-		5,500
Machinery and equipment		4,095,022		651,377		(40,688)		4,705,711
Vehicles		1,765,049		-		-		1,765,049
Water distribution, storm and								
sanitary system		13,051,585		-		-		13,051,585
Right-to-use leased equipment		26,345		9,183		-		35,528
Total capital assets being								
depreciated/amortized		20,008,286		664,360		(40,688)		20,631,958
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:								
Buildings		(931,562)		(7,706)		_		(939,268)
Furniture and fixtures		(53,349)		(760)		_		(54,109)
Land improvements		(2,355)		(367)		_		(2,722)
Machinery and equipment		(3,683,304)		(91,485)		40,688		(3,734,101)
Vehicles		(1,431,877)		(80,038)		-0,000		(1,511,915)
Water distribution, storm and		(1,401,077)		(00,000)				(1,011,010)
sanitary system		(9,258,300)		(72,582)		_		(9,330,882)
Right-to-use leased equipment		(7,352)		(7,943)				(15,295)
Total accumulated		(1,002)		(1,343)				(10,230)
depreciation/amortization	((15,368,099)		(260,881)		40,688		(15,588,292)
		,,,,	-	(===,===)		,		(***,****,_**=/
Total capital assets being		4 0 4 0 4 0 7		400 470				5 0 40 000
depreciated/amortized, net		4,640,187		403,479				5,043,666
Business-type activities capital								
assets, net	\$	6,855,966	\$	403,479	\$		\$	7,259,445
Depreciation/amortization expense was charge	ged to	functions/pr	ograr	ns as follows	s:	_		_
Governmental activities:								
General government						(6	265,342
Parks								66,335
Public safety								278,609
Public works								53,068
Total governmental activities							5	663,354

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Long-term Liabilities

Governmental Activities

Installment Contract – Installment contract payable for the purchase of police vehicles, requiring annual payments of \$53,170, including interest at 4.99%, through January 2025. Payments are to be funded by the operations of the General Fund. Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending April 30,		incipal	Ir	nterest	Total		
2025	\$	50,543	\$	2,627	\$	53,170	

Installment Contract – Installment contract payable for the purchase of police vehicles, requiring annual payments of \$79,726, including interest at 5.50%, through March 2028. Payments are to be funded by the operations of the General Fund. Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	P	Principal	I	nterest	Total		
2025	\$	\$ 64,903		14,823	\$	79,726	
2026		68,573		11,153		79,726	
2027		72,449		7,277		79,726	
2028		75,849		4,077		79,926	
Total	\$	281,774	\$	37,330	\$	319,104	

Leases Payable – The City has entered into various five-year lease agreements for the right-to-use equipment. The City is required to make annual principal and interest payments. The total lease liability at April 30, 2024 was \$28,179.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of April 30, 2024 were as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	P	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Total		
2025	\$	10,106	\$	1,465	\$	11,571	
2026		10,028		821		10,849	
2027		5,520		317		5,837	
2028		2,525		59		2,584	
Total	\$	28,179	\$	2,662	\$	30,841	

Debt Certificates – Series 2019, issued to finance public works projects, requiring retirement of principal on December 15 of each year through December 15, 2038. Interest is due on June 15 and December 15 at a rate of 4.00%. Payments are to be funded by a capital improvement surcharge. Annual debt service requirements are listed on the following page:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APRIL 30, 2024

Year Ending April 30,	F	Principal		Interest	Total		
2025	\$	250,000	\$	198,200	\$	448,200	
2026		255,000		188,200		443,200	
2027		270,000		178,000		448,000	
2028		280,000		167,200		447,200	
2029		290,000		156,000		446,000	
2030		300,000		144,400		444,400	
2031		315,000		132,400		447,400	
2032		325,000		119,800		444,800	
2033		340,000		106,800		446,800	
2034		350,000		93,200		443,200	
2035		365,000		79,200		444,200	
2036		380,000		64,600		444,600	
2037		395,000		49,400		444,400	
2038		410,000		33,600		443,600	
2039		430,000		17,200		447,200	
Total	\$	4,955,000	\$	1,728,200	\$	6,683,200	

Business-type Activities

Installment Contract – Installment contract payable for the purchase of golf carts, due in semi-annual payments including interest at 5.50%, with the final payment to be made in March 2028. Payments are to be funded by the operations of the Golf Course Fund. Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	Pı	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Total		
2025	\$	17,100	\$	3,900	\$	21,000	
2026		18,067		2,933		21,000	
2027		19,089		1,911		21,000	
2028		19,881		1,119		21,000	
Total	\$	74,137	\$	9,863	\$	84,000	

Installment Contract – Installment contract payable for the purchase of sewer equipment, due in annual payments including interest at 5.69%, with the final payment to be made in July 2028. Payments are to be funded by the operations of the Water and Sewerage Fund. Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	P	Principal			Total		
2025	\$	\$ 96,827		30,868	\$	127,695	
2026		102,337		25,358		127,695	
2027		108,160		19,535		127,695	
2028		114,315		13,380		127,695	
2029		120,821		6,875		127,696	
Total	\$	542,460	\$	96,016	\$	638,476	

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Leases Payable – The City has entered into various five-year lease agreements for the right-to-use equipment. The City is required to make annual principal and interest payments. The total lease liability at April 30, 2024 was \$20,758.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of April 30, 2024 were as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	Pı	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Total		
2025	\$	9,748	\$	1,015	\$	10,763	
2026		6,927		428		7,355	
2027		2,399		186		2,585	
2028		1,684		39		1,723	
Total	\$	20,758	\$	1,668	\$	22,426	

Total future debt service requirements for the outstanding debt listed above are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities						
Year Ending April 30,	Princip	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$ 375,	552	\$	217,115	\$	123,675	\$	35,783	\$	752,125
2026	333,	601		200,174		127,331		28,719		689,825
2027	347,	969		185,594		129,648		21,632		684,843
2028	358,	374		171,336		135,880		14,538		680,128
2029	290,	000		156,000		120,821		6,875		573,696
2030	300,	000		144,400		-		_		444,400
2031	315,	000		132,400		-		-		447,400
2032	325,	000		119,800		-		_		444,800
2033	340,	000		106,800		-		-		446,800
2034	350,	000		93,200		-		-		443,200
2035	365,	000		79,200		_		_		444,200
2036	380,	000		64,600		-		-		444,600
2037	395,	000		49,400		-		-		444,400
2038	410,	000		33,600		-		-		443,600
2039	430,	000		17,200		-				447,200
Total	\$ 5,315,	496	\$ 1,	,770,819	\$	637,355	\$	107,547	\$	7,831,217

APRIL 30, 2024

Long-term liability activity for the year ended April 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Adjustments/ Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:						
Debt certificates	\$ 5,195,000	\$ -	\$ (240,000)	\$ 4,955,000	\$ 250,000	
Installment contracts payable	453,377	-	(121,060)	332,317	115,446	
Leases payable	22,002	13,775	(7,598)	28,179	10,106	
Unamortized issuance premium	360,762	-	(23,087)	337,675	-	
Unamortized issuance discount	(4,989)	-	907	(4,082)	-	
Compensated absences payable	546,667	153,762	(136,173)	564,256	136,173	
Net pension liability:						
Police pension	34,390,802	3,816,305	(8,892,773)	29,314,334	-	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	587,335	530,877	(865,330)	252,882	-	
Total other postemployment benefits						
liability	1,084,812	65,591	(251,854)	898,549		
Total governmental activity						
long-term liabilities	\$ 42,635,768	\$ 4,580,310	\$ (10,536,968)	\$ 36,679,110	\$ 511,725	
Business-type activities:						
Waterworks and Sewerage:						
Installment contracts payable	\$ 73,789	\$ 542,460	\$ (73,789)	\$ 542,460	\$ 96,827	
Leases payable	-	9,183	(725)	8,458	2,120	
Net pension liability:		-,	(- /	-,	, -	
Illinois Municipal Retirement	442,070	684,637	(800,582)	326,125	_	
Fund	,	, , , , ,	(,,	,		
Total other postemployment						
benefits liability	816,437	58,813	(69,547)	805,703	_	
Total Waterworks and						
Sewerage long-term						
liabilities	1,332,296	1,295,093	(944,643)	1,682,746	98,947	
0.150		,,				
Golf Course:	00.040		(40.470)	74.407	47.400	
Installment contracts payable	90,310	-	(16,173)	74,137	17,100	
Leases payable	19,470	-	(7,170)	12,300	7,628	
Net pension liability:						
Illinois Municipal Retirement			(- ()			
_Fund	16,419	29,507	(31,870)	14,056	-	
Total other postemployment						
benefits liability	15,719	1,104	(1,692)	15,131		
Total Golf Course long-term	444.040	00.044	(50.005)	445.004	0.4 =00	
liabilities	141,918	30,611	(56,905)	115,624	24,728	
Total business-type activity long-term liabilities	\$ 1,474,214	\$ 1,325,704	\$ (1,001,548)	\$ 1,798,370	\$ 123,675	
5			. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			

The net pension liability, total other postemployment benefits liability, compensated absences payable, and leases payable included in governmental activity long-term liabilities have typically been liquidated by the General Fund in prior years.

APRIL 30, 2024

Legal Debt Margin – The maximum total indebtedness the City is legally allowed to have outstanding at any one time is established by state statute. The limit is computed as follows:

Assessed valuation - 2023 tax year (most recent information available)	\$ 519,539,384
Statutory debt limit (8.625% of assessed value)	\$ 44,810,272
Less debt outstanding: Debt certificates (including premiums and discounts) Installment contracts Leases payable	(5,288,593) (948,914) (48,937)
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 38,523,828

Fund Balances

As of April 30, 2024, fund balances were comprised of the following:

		eneral Fund	Capital Projects Fund		Motor Fuel Tax Fund	No Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Nonspendable: Leases	\$	17,762	\$	- \$	•	\$		\$	17,762
	Ψ	17,702	Ψ	<u>-</u> <u> </u>	-	Ψ		Ψ	17,702
Restricted: Transportation services Street maintenance Police protection	\$	6,551 - -	\$	- \$ - <u>-</u>	5 564,107	\$	- 178,431	\$	6,551 564,107 178,431
Total Restricted		6,551	-		564,107		178,431		749,089
Committed: Capital projects			1,458,92	5	<u>-</u>				1,458,925
Assigned: Park development				<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		135,183		135,183
Unassigned		5,536,238			-				5,536,238
Total	\$ 5	5,560,551	\$ 1,458,92	5 \$	564,107	\$	313,614	\$	7,897,197

Note 3—Other information

Employee Retirement and Postemployment Benefit Plans

The City maintains the Police Pension Plan which covers its qualified Police Department employees and participates in the statewide Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund which covers substantially all of the remaining qualified City employees. The City also maintains the Retiree Health Care Plan which is a defined benefit healthcare plan. The information presented in the following notes for these plans is the most current information available as of April 30, 2024.

APRIL 30, 2024

Police Pension Plan

Description of Plan – The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the Police Pension Fund's Board of Trustees. The Police Pension Fund's Board of Trustees consists of six members. Two members are appointed by the president of the Board of Trustees, two members are elected by the active sworn members, and two members are elected by retired and/or disabled participants.

The defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40ILCS 5 / Article 3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature.

The City accounts for the Police Pension Plan as a pension trust fund and a stand-alone report is not issued by the Police Pension Fund.

Benefits Provided – The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired as a police officer prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly pension of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. A police officer's salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800. The cap is adjusted annually by the lesser of 1/2 of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years of service may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., 1/2% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or one-half of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At April 30, 2024, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	32
Inactive plan members entitled to but not receiving benefits	9
Active plan members	29
Total	70
Number of participating employers	1

Contributions – Employees are required by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the Police Pension Plan, including the costs of administering the Plan, as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, the City has until the year 2040 to fund 90% of the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan. For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City's contribution was 64.53% of covered payroll.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APRIL 30, 2024

Net Pension Liability – The City's net pension liability was measured as of April 30, 2024. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2023 and rolled forward to the measurement date. The actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

Actuarial cost method - Entry-age normal

Inflation - 2.25%

Salary increases - 3.75% - 10.99%

Investment rate of return – 6.50%

Asset valuation method - 5-year smoothed fair value

Mortality rates were as follows:

Active Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

Retiree Mortality follows the L&A Assumption Study for Police 2020. These rates are experience weighted with the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010(A) Study improved to 2017 using MP-2019 Improvement Rates. These rates are then improved fully generationally using MP-2019 Improvement Rates.

Disabled Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the PubS-2010 Study for disabled participants. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

Retirement rates, disability rates, and termination rates were based on the L&A Assumption Study for Police 2020.

The IPOPIF's investment manager establishes the following target allocation across asset classes:

		Long-Term
	Portfolio	Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Percentage	of Return
U.S. Large	23.00%	6.10%
U.S. Small	5.00%	5.60%
International Developed	18.00%	7.30%
International Developed Small	5.00%	7.90%
Emerging Markets	7.00%	7.40%
High Yield Corporate Credit	10.00%	4.90%
Emerging Market Debt	6.00%	6.90%
U.S. TIPS	3.00%	2.80%
REITs	4.00%	6.30%
Real Estate / Infrastructure	2.00%	6.30%
Cash	1.00%	1.00%
Short-term Government	13.00%	3.00%
Core Fixed Income	3.00%	3.40%
Total	100.00%	

APRIL 30, 2024

The long-term expected rate of return on the IPOPIF's investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the IPOPIF's investment management consultant in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return excluding inflation for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2024 are listed in the table above.

Single Discount Rate – A Single Discount Rate of 5.31% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.50%, the municipal bond rate is 4.07%, and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 5.31%.

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 8.88%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability – Changes in the City's net pension liability for the year ended April 30, 2024 were as follows:

	To	otal Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at April 30, 2023	\$	58,350,733	\$	23,959,931	\$	34,390,802
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		1,136,052		-		1,136,052
Interest on the total pension liability		2,680,253		-		2,680,253
Changes in benefit terms		844,834		-		844,834
Differences between expected and actual						
experience		(644,768)		-		(644,768)
Changes of assumptions		(4,799,587)		-		(4,799,587)
Contributions - employees		-		289,065		(289,065)
Contributions - employer		-		1,910,144		(1,910,144)
Net investment income		-		2,154,044		(2,154,044)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(2,303,610)		(2,308,408)		4,798
Administrative expense		<u> </u>		(55,203)		55,203
Net changes		(3,086,826)		1,989,642		(5,076,468)
Balances at April 30, 2024	\$	55,263,907	\$	25,949,573	\$	29,314,334

The change of assumptions amount of \$4,799,587 was primarily the result of a change in the Single Discount Rate.

APRIL 30, 2024

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Single Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 5.31%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	Current					
		1% Lower (4.31%)	Di	scount Rate (5.31%)	1% Higher (6.31%)	
City's net pension liability	\$	38,173,348	\$	29,314,334	\$	22,226,603

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in other locations in this report as the Plan is reported as a fiduciary fund of the City. At April 30, 2024, the Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability was 46.96%.

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$4,448,636. At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in		100001000		1000011000	
future periods:					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,862,788	\$	2,407,030	
Changes of assumptions		5,710,838		7,332,663	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on Plan investments		2,005,285		1,467,686	
Total	\$	10,578,911	\$	11,207,379	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense in years ending April 30 as follows:

2025	\$ 1,041,472
2026	892,923
2027	(737,963)
2028	(905,967)
2029	(820,919)
Thereafter	 (98,014)
Total	\$ (628,468)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description – The City's defined benefit pension plan for employees that are not in positions covered by the Police Pension Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of an agent multiple employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

APRIL 30, 2024

Benefits Provided – IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan. The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date). Employees of the City who are eligible to participate in the plan participate in the Regular Plan.

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with 10 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- One-half of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – As of December 31, 2023, the following employees of the City were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	66
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	71
Active plan members	68
Total	205

Contributions – As set by statute, the City's Regular Plan members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution rates were 4.31% and 4.90% for calendar years 2024 and 2023, respectively. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024, the City contributed \$176,120 to the Plan. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

APRIL 30, 2024

Contributions for the year ended April 30, 2024 are reported in the financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 75,098
Business-type activities:	
Waterworks and Sewerage	96,848
Golf Course	 4,174
Total contributions	\$ 176,120

Net Pension Liability – The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions – The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2024:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry age normal
Asset Valuation Method: Fair value of assets
Inflation Rate: Assumed to be 2.25%

Salary Increases: Expected to be 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: Assumed to be 7.25%

Projected Retirement Age: Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the

type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2023 valuation pursuant to an experience study of

the period 2020 to 2022

Mortality – Nondisabled Retirees: Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median

income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 108%) and Female (adjusted 106.4%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale

MP-2021 were used.

Mortality – Disabled Retirees: Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median

income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale

MP-2021.

Mortality – Active Members: Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median

income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation.

APRIL 30, 2024

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2023:

Asset Class	Portfolio Target Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	35.00%	5.00%
International equity	18.00%	6.35%
Fixed income	24.00%	4.75%
Real estate	10.00%	6.30%
Alternative investments	12.00%	6.05 - 8.65%
Cash equivalents	1.00%	3.80%
Total	100.00%	

Single Discount Rate – A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2023. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current active members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability – Changes in the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2023 were as follows:

		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$	20,204,725	\$	19,158,901	\$	1,045,824	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		311,231		-		311,231	
Interest on the total pension liability		1,439,915		-		1,439,915	
Differences between expected and actual							
experience		509,246		-		509,246	
Changes of assumptions		(16,468)		-		(16,468)	
Contributions - employees		-		180,564		(180,564)	
Contributions - employer		-		185,071		(185,071)	
Net investment income (loss)				2,097,154		(2,097,154)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(998,901)		(998,901)		-	
Other changes				233,896		(233,896)	
Net changes	_	1,245,023		1,697,784		(452,761)	
Balances at December 31, 2023	\$	21,449,748	\$	20,856,685	\$	593,063	

APRIL 30, 2024

The net pension liability as of April 30, 2024 is reported on the financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 2	52,882
Business-type activities:		
Waterworks and Sewerage	3	26,125
Golf Course		14,056
Total net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 5	93,063

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Single Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the City calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Lower		Discount Rate		1% Higher		
		(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)	
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,015,666	\$	593,063	\$	(1,341,854)	

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IMRF Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense/(income) of \$205,963. Pension expense/(income) for the year ended April 30, 2024 is reported in the financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 17,242
Business-type activities	
Waterworks and Sewerage	192,190
Golf Course	(3,469)
Total pension expense	\$ 205,963

At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of	
Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in		esources	Resources		
future periods:					
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	399,000	\$	2,179	
Changes of assumptions		_		11,171	
Changes in proportionate share		107,914		107,914	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on Plan investments		1,008,987		-	
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in					
pension expense in future periods		1,515,901		121,264	
Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		49,093			
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	1,564,994	\$	121,264	
Deferred amounts related to pensions are reported in the financial statements as follows:					
Governmental activities	\$	729,213	\$	5,692	
Business-type activities:					
Waterworks and Sewerage		801,248		108,294	
Golf Course		34,533		7,278	
Total	\$	1,564,994	\$	121,264	

APRIL 30, 2024

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense in years ending April 30 as follows:

2025	\$ 294,513
2026	504,737
2027	739,910
2028	 (144,523)
Total	\$ 1,394,637

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$49,093 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending April 30, 2025.

Summary of Pension Information

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (income), information about the fiduciary net position of the Police Pension Plan (PPP) and the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension-related deferred outflows of resources, liability/(asset), deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense (income)/expenditures are summarized as follows:

	PPP	IMRF	Total
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 10,578,911	\$ 1,564,994	\$ 12,143,905
Net pension liability	29,314,334	593,063	29,907,397
Deferred inflows of resources	11,207,379	121,264	11,328,643
Pension expense	4,448,636	205,963	4,654,599
Pension expenditures	1,910,144	176,120	2,086,264

Retiree Health Care Plan

Plan Description – In addition to providing the pension benefits described above, the City provides postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees and their dependents through a single- employer defined benefit plan (Plan) that is administered by the City. The benefit terms are established by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual and union contracts. No assets are accumulated in a trust.

Benefits Provided – Employees and their spouses are eligible to continue health care coverage into retirement on the City's plan upon or after attaining age 50 with at least 20 years of service. Retirees must pay the full monthly premium. Coverage is provided to the retiree until attainment of age 65. A retired employee who elects retiree coverage under the eligibility provisions may also at the same time elect medical coverage for his or her spouse and other dependents. If dependent coverage is not elected at that time, it cannot be elected at a later time.

For police officer retirees electing to retire prior to May 1, 2016, the City offers to pay \$200 per month toward the employee-only medical premium. For police officer retirees who retire on May 1, 2016 or after, the City agrees to pay \$300 per month toward the employee-only medical premium. The City's obligation shall be limited to the duration of this collective bargaining agreement and shall not continue thereafter unless and to the extent a successor agreement provides for further coverage. For the duration and term of the agreement, the City shall pay the stated amount until the earlier of the time that the retiree (a) becomes covered under another group health plan, (b) attains age 65, or (c) becomes eligible for Social Security disability benefits.

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APRIL 30, 2024

The City cannot be responsible for future increases in the cost of retiree or dependent medical coverage, and reserves the right to make changes in benefits or other terms or conditions of such medical coverage including, without limitation, the insurer, the use or absence of any HMO, PPO or other managed care delivery method, provided such changes are made for active bargaining unit members, and reserves the right to terminate coverage for retirees and their dependents upon enactment of legislative changes.

Police officers that suffer a catastrophic injury or are killed in the line of duty may receive 100% City-paid lifetime coverage for the employee, their spouse, and each dependent child under the Public Safety Employee Benefits Act.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – As of April 30, 2024, the following employees of the City were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active employees	62
Total	66

Total OPEB Liability – The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of April 30, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2023 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

Actuarial Assumption and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal (Alternative Measurement Method).
- Salary increases were expected to be 4%, including inflation.
- The discount rate of 4.42% was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High-Grade Rate Index as of April 30, 2024.
- Healthcare cost trend rate was expected to be between 1.83% initially to an ultimate rate of 4.50% in fiscal year 2038.
- Mortality rates were based on the PubG.H-2010 Mortality Table-General with Mortality Improvement using Scale MP-2020 for IMRF Personnel. PubS.H-2010 Mortality Table-Safety with Mortality Improvement using Scale MP-2020 for Police Personnel.
- The retirees' share of benefit-related costs was 100% of the projected health insurance premiums.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APRIL 30, 2024

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability – Changes in the City's total OPEB liability for the year ended April 30, 2024 were as follows:

		otal OPEB Liability
Balance at April 30, 2023	\$	1,916,968
Changes for the year: Service cost	\$	41,473
Interest expense	Ψ	76,448
Changes of benefit terms		7,587
Difference between expected and actual experience		(144,805)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(37,513)
Benefit payments		(140,775)
Net changes		(197,585)
Balance at April 30, 2024	\$	1,719,383
The total OPEB liability as of April 30, 2024 is reported in the financial statements as follows:		
Governmental activities	\$	898,549
Business-type activities:		
Waterworks and Sewerage		805,703
Golf Course		15,131
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,719,383

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current discount rate:

				Current		
	1	% Lower (3.42%)	Dis	count Rate (4.42%)	1	% Higher (5.42%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,876,304	\$	1,719,383	\$	1,579,818

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower or 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Н	Current ealthcare	
	% Lower (Varies)		ost Trend tes (Varies)	% Higher (Varies)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,564,680	\$	1,719,383	\$ 1,898,632

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APRIL 30, 2024

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense/(income) of \$(457,999). OPEB expense/(income) for the year ended April 30, 2024 is reported in the financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ (92,305)
Business-type activities	(365,694)
Total OPEB expense/(income)	\$ (457,999)

At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,068,616	\$	177,078
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		152,271		461,876
Change in proportionate share		44,607		44,607
Total	\$	1,265,494	\$	683,561

Deferred amounts related to OPEB are reported in the financial statements as follows:

	Oı	Deferred utflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
Governmental activities	\$	674,720	\$	333,918
Business-type activities:				
Waterworks and Sewerage		572,107		344,020
Golf Course		18,667		5,623
Total	\$	1,265,494	\$	683,561

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in years ending April 30 as follows:

2025 2026 2027 2028 2029	\$ 79,964 79,964 79,964 79,964 79,964
Thereafter Total	
	

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

APRIL 30, 2024

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In response to this exposure the City participates in the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA), which is an organization of municipalities and special districts in northeastern Illinois that have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation's Statute to pool their risk management needs. The City pays annual premiums to IRMA for its workers' compensation, general liability, and property coverage.

The City assumes the first \$1,000 of each occurrence, and IRMA has a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance at various amounts above that level. The City appoints one delegate, along with an alternate delegate, to represent the City on the Board of Directors. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the Agency beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

The City, along with IRMA's other members, has a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IRMA attributable to a membership year during which it was a member. Supplemental contributions may be required to fund these deficits. There have been no supplemental contributions in any of the past three years.

The City carries commercial insurance for its employee health insurance coverage.

The City has not had significant reductions in insurance coverage during the current year, nor did settlements exceed insurance coverage in any of the last three years.

Contingent Liabilities

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. With respect to pending litigation, neither management nor the City's attorney can predict the outcome of those matters at this time or the ultimate liability should the City not be successful in defending its position. In actions for monetary damages, the City may have coverage through IRMA as described above. However, it is possible that in the near term, losses may be realized on claims in excess of amounts included for legal contingencies within other liabilities on the statement of net position.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The City of Palos Hills, IL 457 DC Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. During the year ended April 30, 2024, employees contributed \$34,897 to the plan. The City made no contributions to the plan during the year.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 9, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN INFORMATION

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - POLICE PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024		2023		2022	2021		2020		2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016		2015
Total pension liability:																		
Service cost	\$ 1,136,052		1,224,278		1,494,975	\$ 1,446,130	\$	1,028,532	\$		\$	719,309	\$	702,851	\$	707,740	\$	539,226
Interest on the total pension liability	2,680,253		2,616,171	2	2,327,220	2,375,929		2,449,954		2,275,064		2,208,025		2,082,632		1,633,125		1,796,841
Changes in benefit terms	844,834		(41,412)		-	-		213,905		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(644,768)		3,058,581		2,300,002)	(1,517,428)		2,488,601		(510,823)		(468,251)		488,481		5,658,802		(4,939,389)
Changes of assumptions	(4,799,587)	,	(1,429,843)	,	4,585,165)	1,715,418		18,245,705		-		-		-		-		1,425,086
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,303,610)	(:	(2,693,916)	(1	1,947,384)	(1,661,189)		(1,535,614)		(1,489,542)		(1,445,893)		(1,391,331)		(1,297,044)		(1,205,003)
Other changes					-	-				-		(50,000)		50,000		-		
Net change in total pension liability	(3,086,826)	:	2,733,859	(5	5,010,356)	2,358,860		22,891,083		989,923		963,190		1,932,633		6,702,623		(2,383,239)
Total pension liability at beginning of year	58,350,733	5	5,616,874	60	0,627,230	58,268,370		35,377,287		34,387,364		33,424,174	_	31,491,541		24,788,918		27,172,157
Total pension liability at end of year	\$ 55,263,907	\$ 5	8,350,733	\$ 55	5,616,874	\$ 60,627,230	\$	58,268,370	\$	35,377,287	\$	34,387,364	\$	33,424,174	\$	31,491,541	\$	24,788,918
Plan fiduciary net position:																		
Contributions - employees	\$ 289,065	\$	286,237	\$	277,943	\$ 296,295	\$	287,299	\$	281,618	\$	295,218	\$	267,934	\$	258,502	\$	261,173
Contributions - employer	1,910,144		1,585,773	1	1,514,383	1,312,608		1,255,152		1,157,605		1,124,093		1,122,832		1,027,227		968,938
Net investment income (loss)	2,154,044		132,115	(1	1,156,193)	6,277,285		(92,256)		1,498,130		1,303,308		1,377,528		(202,567)		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,308,408)	((2,693,916)	(1	1,947,384)	(1,661,189)		(1,535,614)		(1,489,542)		(1,445,893)		(1,391,331)		(1,297,044)		1,098,939
Administrative expense	(55,203)		(57,414)		(95,924)	(51,680)		(51,283)		(36,184)		(22, 128)		(18,074)		(24,778)		(1,205,003)
Other						 		(3,166)				_	_					(22,792)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,989,642		(747,205)	(1	1,407,175)	6,173,319		(139,868)		1,411,627		1,254,598		1,358,889		(238,660)		1,101,255
Plan fiduciary net position at beginning of year	23,959,931	2-	4,707,136	26	6,114,311	19,940,992		20,080,860		18,669,233		17,414,635	_	16,055,746		16,294,406		15,193,151
Plan fiduciary net position at end of year	\$ 25,949,573	\$ 2	3,959,931	\$ 24	4,707,136	\$ 26,114,311	\$	19,940,992	\$	20,080,860	\$	18,669,233	\$	17,414,635	\$	16,055,746	\$	16,294,406
City's net pension liability at end of year	\$ 29,314,334	\$ 3	34,390,802	\$ 30	0,909,738	\$ 34,512,919	\$	38,327,378	\$	15,296,427	\$	15,718,131	\$	16,009,539	\$	15,435,795	\$	8,494,512
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension																		
liability	46.96%		41.06%		44.42%	 43.07%	_	34.22%	_	56.76%	_	54.29%	_	52.10%	_	50.98%		65.73%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,959,940	\$	2,964,428	\$ 2	2,871,117	\$ 3,073,331	\$	2,967,411	\$	2,787,116	\$	2,787,153	\$	2,635,273	\$	2,632,956	\$	2,563,776
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	990.37%		1160.12%		1076.80%	1122.98%		1291.61%		548.83%		563.95%		607.51%		586.25%		331.33%
							_				_		_		_		_	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - POLICE PENSION PLAN (SCHEDULES TO BE BUILT PROSPECTIVELY)
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Notes to schedule:

Changes of Assumptions – The changes of assumptions during the years ended April 30, 2024 was primarily the result of changes to the single discount rate. The changes of assumptions during the years ended April 30, 2023 and April 30, 2022 were primarily the result of changes to the single discount rate and changes in demographic assumptions based on a comprehensive study of police officers and police pension funds in Illinois and the demographic assumptions based on a comprehensive study of police pension funds in Illinois and the demographic experience of the Fund.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - POLICE PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024		2023	2022	2021		2020	2019		2018	2017		2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	\$ 2,414,789	\$	2,349,177	\$ 2,329,832	\$ 2,157,689	\$	1,853,268	\$ 1,871,450	\$	1,853,268	\$ 1,829,193	\$	1,729,848	\$ 1,039,262
contribution	1,910,144		1,585,773	1,514,383	1,312,608	_	1,255,152	1,157,605	_	1,124,093	1,122,832		1,027,227	968,938
Contribution deficiency	\$ 504,645	\$	763,404	\$ 815,449	\$ 845,081	\$	598,116	\$ 713,845	\$	729,175	\$ 706,361	\$	702,621	\$ 70,324
Covered payroll	\$ 2,959,940	\$	2,964,428	\$ 2,871,117	\$ 3,073,331	\$	2,967,411	\$ 2,787,153	\$	2,635,273	\$ 2,632,956	\$	2,563,776	\$ 2,563,776
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	64.53%	_	53.49%	52.75%	42.71%	_	42.30%	41.53%	_	40.33%	42.61%	_	39.01%	37.79%

Valuation Date. Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated from the May 1, 2022 actuarial valuation.

Methods and Assumptions used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method

Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method

Inflation

Salary increases

Investment rate of return

Mortality rates

Retirement rates

Disability rates

Entry-age normal Level % of pay (closed)

12.08 years

5-year smoothed fair value

2.25%

3.75% - 10.99%

6.50%

Pub-2010 Adjusted for Plan Status, Demographics, and Illinois Public Pension Data, as Described 100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Retirement Rates

Capped at Age 65

100% of L&A 2020 Illinois Police Disability Rates

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual money-weighted rate of return,										
net of investment expense	8.88%	0.31%	-4.13%	31.02%	-0.48%	8.40%	7.88%	8.91%	0.09%	7.90%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (SCHEDULES TO BE BUILT PROSPECTIVELY)
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

LAST NINE CALENDAR YEARS

	2023	2022	2021		2020	2019	2018	2017	20	16		2015
Total pension liability:												
Service cost	\$ 311,231	\$ 291,618	\$ 302,580	\$	308,516	\$ 300,016	\$ 271,449	\$ 281,892	\$ 27	8,154	\$	292,097
Interest on the total pension liability	1,439,915	1,375,096	1,326,244		1,384,131	1,338,615	1,266,912	1,189,300	1,12	25,196		1,089,532
Difference between expected and actual experience	509,246	171,641	(57,073)		(1,431,184)	(134,047)	334,032	818,034	10	0,605		(370,643)
Changes of assumptions	(16,468)	-	-		(180,241)	-	522,733	(486,158)	(3	39,110)		37,589
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(998,901)	 (909,321)	 (875,576)		(877,817)	(884,247)	(791,585)	(734,454)	(56	9,757)		(482,172)
Net change in total pension liability	1,245,023	929,034	696,175		(796,595)	620,337	1,603,541	1,068,614	89	5,088		566,403
Total pension liability at beginning of year	20,204,725	19,275,691	18,579,516		19,376,111	 18,755,774	17,152,233	16,083,619	1,51	8,531	1	14,622,128
Total pension liability at end of year	\$ 21,449,748	\$ 20,204,725	\$ 19,275,691	\$	18,579,516	\$ 19,376,111	\$ 18,755,774	\$ 17,152,233	\$ 2,41	3,619	\$ 1	15,188,531
Plan fiduciary net position:												
Contributions - employees	\$ 180,564	\$ 158,313	\$ 141,948	\$	147,755	\$ 137,138	\$ 138,921	\$ 168,495	\$ 12	24,210	\$	120,960
Contributions - employer	185,071	246,409	371,119		402,014	323,646	330,393	314,842	31	7,701		307,777
Net investment income (loss)	2,097,154	(2,733,634)	3,277,232		2,568,013	2,898,923	(894,216)	2,408,383	89	94,244		67,932
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(998,901)	(909,321)	(875,576)		(877,817)	(884,247)	(791,585)	(734,454)	(56	9,757)		(482,172)
Other changes	233,896	90,116	(64,406)		(652,786)	66,025	348,458	(107,869)	10	7,480		(354,825)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,697,784	(3,148,117)	2,850,317		1,587,179	2,538,319	(868,029)	2,049,397	87	3,878		(340,328)
Plan fiduciary net position at beginning of year	19,158,901	22,307,018	19,456,701		17,869,522	15,328,037	6,196,066	14,146,669	1,27	2,791	1	13,613,119
Plan fiduciary net position at end of year	\$ 20,856,685	\$ 19,158,901	\$ 22,307,018	\$	19,456,701	\$ 17,866,356	\$ 5,328,037	\$ 16,196,066	\$ 2,14	6,669	\$ 1	13,272,791
Net pension liability (asset) at end of year	\$ 593,063	\$ 1,045,824	\$ (3,031,327)	\$	(877,185)	\$ 1,509,755	\$ 13,427,737	\$ 956,167	\$ 26	6,950	\$	1,915,740
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	97.24%	 94.82%	 115.73%	_	104.72%	 92.22%	 28.41%	 94.43%	8	37.96%		87.39%
Covered payroll	\$ 3,731,275	\$ 3,417,610	\$ 3,142,419	\$	3,158,005	\$ 3,047,507	\$ 2,995,399	\$ 2,870,028	\$ 2,76	60,224	\$	2,688,005
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	15.89%	30.60%	-96.46%		-27.78%	49.44%	 114.43%	33.32%	7	0.17%		71.27%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (SCHEDULES TO BE BUILT PROSPECTIVELY)
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (CONTINUED)

LAST NINE CALENDAR YEARS

Note to schedule:

The information in the schedule will accumulate until a full 10-year trend is presented.

Changes in assumptions:

- For 2014, changes are primarily from adopting IMRF specific mortality tables with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014) developed from the RP-2014 mortality tables.
- For 2015, changes are primarily from a change in the calculated Single Discount Rate from 7.49% in 2014 to 7.47% in 2015.
- For 2016, changes are primarily from a change in the calculated Single Discount Rate from 7.47% in 2015 to 7.50% in 2016.
- For 2017, changes are primarily from adopting IMRF specific mortality tables with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015) developed from the RP-2014 mortality tables.
- For 2018, the assumed investment rate of return was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25%.
- For 2020, changes are primarily from adopting the Pub-2010, amount weighted, general mortality tables for retirees and active members.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (SCHEDULES TO BE BUILT PROSPECTIVELY) SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 176,120	\$ 230,951	\$ 330,385	\$ 378,470	\$ 348,360	\$ 337,803	\$ 321,358	\$ 320,773	\$ 310,024
Actual contribution	176,120	230,951	330,385	378,470	348,360	 337,803	321,358	320,773	 310,024
Covered payroll	\$ 3,700,010	\$ 3,568,402	\$ 3,192,256	\$ 3,042,413	\$ 3,076,312	\$ 3,032,392	\$ 2,915,651	\$ 2,820,626	\$ 2,702,890
Actual contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	4.76%	6.47%	10.35%	12.44%	11.32%	11.14%	11.02%	11.37%	11.47%

Note to schedule:

The information in the schedule will accumulate until a full 10-year trend is presented.

SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN THE CALCULATION OF THE 2023 CONTRIBUTION RATE *

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is four months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Valuation Date:

Methods and Assumptions used to Determine 2023 Contribution Rates.

Actuarial cost method Aggregate entry age normal Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20-year closed period

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed-fair value; 20% corridor

Wage growth 2.75% Price inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 2.75% to 13.75%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25

7.25%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (SCHEDULES TO BE BUILT PROSPECTIVELY)
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2020

valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017 to 2019.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below- median income, General, Retiree, Male

(adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount- Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Other information: There were no benefit changes during the year.

* Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation; note two year time lag between valuation and rate setting.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - RETIREE HEALTH CARE PLAN (SCHEDULE TO BE BUILT PROSPECTIVELY) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	2024		2023 2022		2021		2020		2019	
Total OPEB liability:										
Service cost	\$	41,473	\$ 41,423	\$	60,535	\$	41,099	\$	46,668	\$ 42,463
Interest expense		76,448	75,282		16,136		27,600		27,264	26,692
Change in benefit terms		7,587	-		-		-		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(144,805)	-		1,475,045		(65,453)		-	(9,231)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(37,513)	(26,251)		(415,141)		(28,110)		50,424	34,399
Benefit payments		(140,775)	(129,977)		(123,636)		-		-	-
Other changes		_	 -				-		(14,666)	19,906
Net change in total OPEB liability		(197,585)	(39,523)		1,012,939		(24,864)		109,690	114,229
Total OPEB liability at beginning of year		1,916,968	1,956,491		943,552		968,416		858,726	744,497
Total OPEB liability at end of year	\$	1,719,383	\$ 1,916,968	\$	1,956,491	\$	943,552	\$	968,416	\$ 858,726
Covered-employee payroll	\$	5,547,850	\$ 5,823,111	\$	5,599,782	\$	5,424,966	\$	5,102,248	\$ 5,102,248
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		30.99%	32.92%		34.94%		17.39%		18.98%	 16.83%







GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET

APRIL 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR APRIL 30, 2023)

	2024	 2023
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivable Leases receivable Other receivables Due from other funds Due from other governmental units Prepaid items	\$ 5,050,732 1,255,384 497,317 241,344 34,799 945,208	\$ 4,618,205 1,013,034 498,612 218,598 668,440 804,023 37,062
Total Assets	\$ 8,024,784	\$ 7,857,974
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Deposits payable Due to other funds	\$ 252,486 431,657 55,235 27,208	\$ 179,455 257,724 152,170 385,387
Total Liabilities	 766,586	 974,736
Property taxes levied for future period Lease related	 1,218,092 479,555	 989,653 490,736
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 1,697,647	 1,480,389
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid items Leases Restricted Unassigned Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities, Deformed Inflows of Resources	17,762 6,551 5,536,238 5,560,551	 37,062 - 1,581 5,364,206 5,402,849
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 8,024,784	\$ 7,857,974

GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Revenues:			2024		2023
Revenues: Final Budget Actual (Negative) Actual Property taxes \$ 2,340,000 \$ 2,543,651 \$ 203,951 \$ 2,397,445 Utility taxes 1,046,000 1,005,480 (40,520) \$ 1,113,679 Licenses, permits and fees: 110,000 121,825 11,825 96,112 Buildienses 400 420 20 410 Buildienses 307,500 287,633 (19,917) 440,180 Building permits 307,500 287,633 (19,917) 440,180 Franchise fees 256,400 210,928 (45,472) 237,763 Recreational fees 276,500 314,099 37,599 284,929 Intergovernmental 4,306,119 300,000 300,000 74,043 653,022 Intergovernmental 300,000 300,000 37,000 761,718 761,718 Fines and forefutures 32,500 387,633 174,043 761,718 Miscellancewines 35,500 150,435 135,435 57,325,78 <th></th> <th></th> <th>2024</th> <th>Final Budget</th> <th></th>			2024	Final Budget	
Property taxes		•	Actual		Actual
Dility taxes	Revenues:				
Business licenses	Property taxes	\$ 2,340,000	\$ 2,543,951	\$ 203,951	\$ 2,397,445
Business Licenses	Utility taxes	1,046,000	1,005,480	(40,520)	1,113,579
Animal licenses 400 420 20 410 Building permits 307,500 287,533 (19,917) 440,180 Franchise fees 256,400 210,928 (45,472) 237,763 Recreational fees 276,500 314,099 37,599 284,929 Intergovernmental 4,306,119 5,594,823 1,288,704 6,530,294 Intragovernmental 300,000 300,000 74,043 761,794 Rental income - 9,886 9,886 11,181 Interest income 15,000 150,438 135,438 57,322 Miscellaneous income 33,500 224,657 191,157 163,187 Total Revenues 9,793,919 11,640,633 1,846,714 12,394,196 Expenditures: 200,000 65,586,534 (372,569) 5,732,20 Current: Personnel 5,495,965 5,868,534 (372,569) 5,733,760 Pension benefits 1,650,000 1,981,620 (331,620) 1,585,773 Hospital an	Licenses, permits and fees:				
Building permits 307,500 287,583 (19,917) 440,180 Franchise fees 256,400 210,928 (45,472) 237,763 Recreational fees 276,500 314,099 37,599 284,929 Intergovernmental 4,306,119 5,594,823 1,288,704 6,50,294 Intragovernmental 300,000 300,000 - 300,000 Fines and forfeitures 802,500 876,543 74,043 761,794 Rental income 15,000 150,438 135,438 57,322 Miscellaneous income 33,500 224,657 191,157 163,187 Total Revenues 5,973,760 224,657 191,157 163,187 Total Revenues 5,495,965 5,868,534 (372,569) 5,733,760 Personnel 5,495,965 5,868,534 (372,569) 5,733,760 Personnel resemblis 1,650,000 1,991,620 (331,620) 1,585,773 Hospital and medical insurance 568,000 655,130 (87,130) 704,414	Business licenses	110,000	121,825	11,825	96,112
Franchise fees	Animal licenses	400	420	20	
Recreational fees 276,500 314,099 37,599 284,929 Intrgovernmental 4,306,119 5,594,823 1,287,04 6,530,294 Intragovernmental 300,000 300,000 - 300,000 Fines and forfeitures 802,500 876,543 74,043 761,794 Rental income - 9,886 9,886 11,181 Interest income 15,000 150,438 135,438 57,322 Miscellaneous income 33,500 224,657 191,157 163,187 Total Revenues 8 9,793,919 11,640,633 1,846,714 12,394,196 Expenditures: Current: - Current: - - 1,650,000 1,981,620 (331,620) 5,733,760 Pension benefits 1,650,000 655,130 (87,130) 709,414 Contractual 322,300 429,669 (107,369) 572,216 Commodities 329,500 392,401 (66,2901) 377,360 Repairs and maintenance 188,938 195,291 (6,3	Building permits	· ·	287,583	(19,917)	440,180
Intergovernmental 4,306,119 5,594,823 1,288,704 6,530,294 Intragovernmental 300,000 300,000 - 30	Franchise fees	256,400	210,928	(45,472)	237,763
Intragovernmental 300,000 300,000 - 300,000 Fines and forfeitures 802,500 876,543 74,043 761,794 Rental Income - 9,886 9,886 11,181 Interest income 15,000 150,438 135,438 57,322 Miscellaneous income 33,500 224,657 191,157 163,187 Total Revenues 9,793,919 11,640,633 1,846,714 12,394,196 Expenditures:	Recreational fees	276,500	314,099	37,599	
Fines and forfeitures 802,500 876,543 74,043 761,794 Rental income 1 9,886 9,886 11,181 Interest income 15,000 150,438 135,438 57,322 Miscellaneous income 33,500 224,657 191,157 163,187 Total Revenues 9,793,919 11,640,633 1,846,714 12,394,196 Expenditures: Current: Personnel 5,495,965 5,868,534 (372,569) 5,733,760 Pension benefits 1,650,000 1,981,620 (331,620) 1,585,773 Hospital and medical insurance 568,000 655,130 (87,130) 709,414 Commodities 329,500 392,401 (62,901) 377,360 Repairs and maintenance 188,938 195,291 (6,353) 251,058 Other 883,412 1,057,113 (173,701) 787,941 Legal department 158,500 214,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: - 205,430	Intergovernmental	4,306,119	5,594,823	1,288,704	6,530,294
Rental income - 9,886 9,886 11,181 Interest income 15,000 150,438 135,438 57,322 Miscellaneous income 33,500 224,657 191,157 163,187 Total Revenues 9,793,919 11,640,633 1,846,714 12,394,196 Expenditures: Current: Personnel 5,495,965 5,868,534 (372,569) 5,733,760 Pension benefits 1,650,000 1,981,620 (331,620) 1,585,773 Hospital and medical insurance 568,000 655,130 (87,130) 709,414 Contractual 322,500 429,669 (107,369) 572,216 Commodities 329,500 392,401 (62,901) 373,60 Repairs and maintenance 188,938 195,291 (6,353) 251,058 Other 883,412 1,057,113 (173,701) 787,941 Legal department 158,500 214,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: - 205,430 (205,430) <td>Intragovernmental</td> <td>300,000</td> <td>300,000</td> <td>-</td> <td>300,000</td>	Intragovernmental	300,000	300,000	-	300,000
Interest income 15,000 150,438 135,438 57,322 Miscellaneous income 33,500 224,657 191,157 163,187 Total Revenues 9,793,919 11,640,633 1,846,714 12,394,196 Expenditures: Current: Current: Personnel 5,495,965 5,868,534 (372,569) 5,733,760 Pension benefits 1,650,000 1,981,620 (331,620) 1,585,773 Hospital and medical insurance 568,000 655,130 (87,130) 709,414 Contractual 322,300 429,669 (107,369) 572,216 Commodities 329,500 392,401 (62,901) 377,360 Repairs and maintenance 188,938 195,291 (6,353) 251,058 Other 883,412 1,057,113 (173,701) 787,941 Legal department 158,500 214,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: - - - - Principal retirement 15,334	Fines and forfeitures	802,500	876,543	74,043	761,794
Miscellaneous income 33,500 224,657 191,157 163,187 Total Revenues 9,793,919 11,640,633 1,846,714 12,394,196 Expenditures: Current: Personnel 5,495,965 5,868,534 (372,569) 5,733,760 Pension benefits 1,650,000 1,981,620 (331,620) 1,585,773 Hospital and medical insurance 568,000 655,130 (87,130) 709,414 Contractual 322,300 429,669 (107,369) 572,216 Commodities 329,500 392,401 (62,901) 377,360 Repairs and maintenance 188,938 195,291 (6,353) 251,058 Other 83,412 1,057,113 (173,701) 787,941 Legal department 15,850 214,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: - 205,430 (205,430) 237,412 Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Total Expenditures (40,000) (506,716)	Rental income	-	9,886	9,886	11,181
Total Revenues 9,793,919 11,640,633 1,846,714 12,394,196 Expenditures: Current: S495,965 5,868,534 (372,569) 5,733,760 Pension benefits 1,650,000 1,981,620 (331,620) 1,585,773 Hospital and medical insurance 568,000 655,130 (87,130) 709,414 Contractual 322,300 429,669 (107,369) 572,216 Commodities 329,500 392,401 (62,901) 377,360 Repairs and maintenance 188,938 195,291 (6,553) 251,058 Other 883,412 1,057,113 (173,701) 787,941 Legal department 158,500 214,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: - - - - Principal retirement 15,334 307,274 (291,940) 497,305 Interest and fees - 205,430 (205,430) 237,412 Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Tota	Interest income	15,000	150,438	135,438	57,322
Expenditures Current: Current: Personnel S,495,965 S,868,534 (372,569) S,733,760 Pension benefits 1,650,000 1,981,620 (331,620) 1,585,773 Hospital and medical insurance 568,000 655,130 (87,130) 709,414 Contractual 322,300 429,669 (107,369) 572,216 Commodities 329,500 392,401 (62,901) 377,360 Charactual 388,3412 1,057,113 (173,701) 787,941 Legal department 158,500 214,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: Principal retirement 15,334 307,274 (291,940) 497,305 Interest and fees 2 205,430 (205,430) 237,412 Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Total Expenditures 9,833,919 12,147,349 (2,313,430) 11,340,469 Excess (deficiency) of revenues (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 Cher financing sources (uses): Installment contract 2	Miscellaneous income	33,500	224,657	191,157	163,187
Current: Current: Personnel 5,495,965 5,868,534 (372,569) 5,733,760 Pension benefits 1,650,000 1,981,620 (331,620) 1,585,773 Hospital and medical insurance 568,000 655,130 (87,130) 709,414 Contractual 322,300 429,669 (107,369) 572,216 Commodities 329,500 392,401 (62,901) 377,360 Repairs and maintenance 188,938 195,291 (6,353) 251,058 Other 883,412 1,057,113 (173,701) 787,941 Legal department 158,500 214,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: - - - Principal retirement 15,334 307,274 (291,940) 497,305 Interest and fees - 205,430 (205,430) 237,412 Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Total Expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 <td< td=""><td>Total Revenues</td><td>9,793,919</td><td>11,640,633</td><td>1,846,714</td><td>12,394,196</td></td<>	Total Revenues	9,793,919	11,640,633	1,846,714	12,394,196
Personnel 5,495,965 5,868,534 (372,569) 5,733,760 Pension benefits 1,650,000 1,981,620 (31,620) 1,585,773 Hospital and medical insurance 568,000 655,130 (87,130) 709,414 Contractual 322,300 429,669 (107,369) 572,216 Commodities 329,500 392,401 (62,901) 377,360 Repairs and maintenance 188,938 195,291 (6,353) 251,058 Other 883,412 1,057,113 (173,701) 787,941 Legal department 158,500 214,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: - - - - Principal retirement 15,334 307,274 (291,940) 497,305 Interest and fees - 205,430 (205,430) 237,412 Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Total Expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 Other financing sources (uses): </td <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	•				
Pension benefits 1,650,000 1,981,620 (331,620) 1,585,773 Hospital and medical insurance 568,000 655,130 (87,130) 709,414 Contractual 322,300 429,669 (107,369) 572,216 Commodities 329,500 392,401 (62,901) 377,360 Repairs and maintenance 188,938 195,291 (6,353) 251,058 Other 883,412 1,057,113 (173,701) 787,941 Legal department 156,500 214,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: - - - - Principal retirement 15,334 307,274 (291,940) 497,305 Interest and fees - 205,430 (205,430) 237,412 Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Total Expenditures 9,833,919 12,147,349 (2,313,430) 11,340,469 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727					
Hospital and medical insurance 568,000 655,130 (87,130) 709,414				, , ,	
Contractual 322,300 429,669 (107,369) 572,216 Commodities 329,500 392,401 (62,901) 377,360 Repairs and maintenance 188,938 195,291 (6,353) 251,058 Other 883,412 1,057,113 (173,701) 787,941 Legal department 158,500 214,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: - - - - Principal retirement 15,334 307,274 (291,940) 497,305 Interest and fees - 205,430 (205,430) 237,412 Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Total Expenditures 9,833,919 12,147,349 (2,313,430) 11,340,469 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 Other financing sources (uses): 113,775 13,775 1 - - 382,320 Leases - 13,775 13,775 - -	Pension benefits	, ,		(331,620)	
Commodities 329,500 392,401 (62,901) 377,360 Repairs and maintenance 188,938 195,291 (6,353) 251,058 Other 883,412 1,057,113 (173,701) 787,941 Legal department 158,500 214,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: - - - Principal retirement 15,334 307,274 (291,940) 497,305 Interest and fees - 205,430 (205,430) 237,412 Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Total Expenditures 9,833,919 12,147,349 (2,313,430) 11,340,469 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 Other financing sources (uses): 1 13,775 13,775 - Installment contract - - - 382,320 Leases - 13,775 13,775 - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 40,000 <td>•</td> <td>568,000</td> <td>655,130</td> <td>, ,</td> <td>709,414</td>	•	568,000	655,130	, ,	709,414
Repairs and maintenance 188,938 195,291 (6,353) 251,058 Other 883,412 1,057,113 (173,701) 787,941 Legal department 158,500 214,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: - - - Principal retirement 15,334 307,274 (291,940) 497,305 Interest and fees - 205,430 (205,430) 237,412 Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Total Expenditures 9,833,919 12,147,349 (2,313,430) 11,340,469 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 Other financing sources (uses): Installment contract - - - 382,320 Leases - 13,775 13,775 - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 40,000 5,840 (34,160) - Transfers out - - 644,803 644,803 640,141		322,300	429,669	(107,369)	
Other 883,412 1,057,113 (173,701) 787,941 Legal department 158,500 214,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: - - - Principal retirement 15,334 307,274 (291,940) 497,305 Interest and fees - 205,430 (205,430) 237,412 Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Total Expenditures 9,833,919 12,147,349 (2,313,430) 11,340,469 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 Other financing sources (uses): 1 - - - 382,320 Leases - 13,775 13,775 - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 40,000 5,840 (34,160) - Transfers in - 644,803 644,803 644,014 Transfers out - - - (6,405) Total Other Financing Sources (uses) </td <td>Commodities</td> <td>329,500</td> <td>392,401</td> <td>(62,901)</td> <td>377,360</td>	Commodities	329,500	392,401	(62,901)	377,360
Legal department 158,500 211,470 (55,970) 335,639 Debt service: - - - Principal retirement 15,334 307,274 (291,940) 497,305 Interest and fees - 205,430 (205,430) 237,412 Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Total Expenditures 9,833,919 12,147,349 (2,313,430) 11,340,469 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 Other financing sources (uses): 1 - - - 382,320 Leases - 13,775 13,775 - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 40,000 5,840 (34,160) - Transfers in - 644,803 644,803 640,141 Transfers out - - - - (6,405) Total Other Financing Sources (uses) 40,000 664,418 624,418 1,016,056	Repairs and maintenance	·	,	(6,353)	251,058
Debt service: - Principal retirement 15,334 307,274 (291,940) 497,305 Interest and fees - 205,430 (205,430) 237,412 Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Total Expenditures 9,833,919 12,147,349 (2,313,430) 11,340,469 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 Other financing sources (uses): Installment contract - - - 382,320 Leases - 13,775 13,775 - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 40,000 5,840 (34,160) - Transfers in - 644,803 644,803 640,141 Transfers out - - - - (6,405) Total Other Financing Sources (uses) 40,000 664,418 624,418 1,016,056 Net change in fund balances - 157,702 157,702 2,069,783 Fund	Other	883,412	1,057,113	(173,701)	787,941
Principal retirement 15,334 307,274 (291,940) 497,305 Interest and fees - 205,430 (205,430) 237,412 Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Total Expenditures 9,833,919 12,147,349 (2,313,430) 11,340,469 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 Other financing sources (uses): Installment contract - - - 382,320 Leases - 13,775 13,775 - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 40,000 5,840 (34,160) - Transfers in - 644,803 644,803 640,141 Transfers out - - - (6,405) Total Other Financing Sources (uses) 40,000 664,418 624,418 1,016,056 Net change in fund balances - 157,702 157,702 2,069,783 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 5,402,849 <td>Legal department</td> <td>158,500</td> <td>214,470</td> <td>(55,970)</td> <td>335,639</td>	Legal department	158,500	214,470	(55,970)	335,639
Interest and fees	Debt service:			-	
Capital outlay 221,970 840,417 (618,447) 252,591 Total Expenditures 9,833,919 12,147,349 (2,313,430) 11,340,469 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 Other financing sources (uses): Installment contract - - - - 382,320 Leases - 13,775 13,775 - - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 40,000 5,840 (34,160) - Transfers in - 644,803 644,803 640,141 Transfers out - - - - (6,405) Total Other Financing Sources (uses) 40,000 664,418 624,418 1,016,056 Net change in fund balances - 157,702 157,702 2,069,783 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 5,402,849 - 3,333,066	Principal retirement	15,334	307,274	(291,940)	497,305
Total Expenditures 9,833,919 12,147,349 (2,313,430) 11,340,469 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 Other financing sources (uses): 11,053,727 11,053,727 11,053,727 11,053,727 Other financing sources (uses): 11,053,727 11,053,727 11,053,727 11,053,727 11,053,727 11,053,727 11,053,727 11,053,727 11,053,727 13,775 13,775 13,775 13,775 13,775 13,775 13,775 -	Interest and fees	-	205,430	(205,430)	237,412
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 Other financing sources (uses): Installment contract - - - 382,320 Leases - 13,775 13,775 - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 40,000 5,840 (34,160) - Transfers in - 644,803 644,803 640,141 Transfers out - - - (6,405) Total Other Financing Sources (uses) 40,000 664,418 624,418 1,016,056 Net change in fund balances - 157,702 157,702 2,069,783 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 5,402,849 - 3,333,066	Capital outlay	221,970	840,417	(618,447)	252,591
over expenditures (40,000) (506,716) (466,716) 1,053,727 Other financing sources (uses): Installment contract - - - - 382,320 Leases - 13,775 13,775 - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 40,000 5,840 (34,160) - Transfers in - 644,803 644,803 640,141 Transfers out - - - (6,405) Total Other Financing Sources (uses) 40,000 664,418 624,418 1,016,056 Net change in fund balances - 157,702 157,702 2,069,783 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 5,402,849 - 3,333,066	Total Expenditures	9,833,919	12,147,349	(2,313,430)	11,340,469
Other financing sources (uses): Installment contract - - - 382,320 Leases - 13,775 13,775 - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 40,000 5,840 (34,160) - Transfers in - 644,803 644,803 640,141 Transfers out - - - (6,405) Total Other Financing Sources (uses) 40,000 664,418 624,418 1,016,056 Net change in fund balances - 157,702 157,702 2,069,783 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 5,402,849 - 3,333,066	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Installment contract - - - 382,320 Leases - 13,775 13,775 - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 40,000 5,840 (34,160) - Transfers in - 644,803 644,803 640,141 Transfers out - - - - (6,405) Total Other Financing Sources (uses) 40,000 664,418 624,418 1,016,056 Net change in fund balances - 157,702 157,702 2,069,783 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 5,402,849 - 3,333,066	over expenditures	(40,000)	(506,716)	(466,716)	1,053,727
Leases - 13,775 13,775 - Proceeds from sale of capital assets 40,000 5,840 (34,160) - Transfers in - 644,803 644,803 640,141 Transfers out - - - - (6,405) Total Other Financing Sources (uses) 40,000 664,418 624,418 1,016,056 Net change in fund balances - 157,702 157,702 2,069,783 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 5,402,849 - 3,333,066	Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 40,000 5,840 (34,160) - Transfers in - 644,803 644,803 640,141 Transfers out - - - - (6,405) Total Other Financing Sources (uses) 40,000 664,418 624,418 1,016,056 Net change in fund balances - 157,702 157,702 2,069,783 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 5,402,849 - 3,333,066	Installment contract	-	-	-	382,320
Transfers in - 644,803 644,803 640,141 Transfers out - - - - (6,405) Total Other Financing Sources (uses) 40,000 664,418 624,418 1,016,056 Net change in fund balances - 157,702 157,702 2,069,783 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 5,402,849 - 3,333,066	Leases	-	13,775	13,775	-
Transfers out - - - - (6,405) Total Other Financing Sources (uses) 40,000 664,418 624,418 1,016,056 Net change in fund balances - 157,702 157,702 2,069,783 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 5,402,849 - 3,333,066	Proceeds from sale of capital assets	40,000	5,840	(34,160)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (uses) 40,000 664,418 624,418 1,016,056 Net change in fund balances - 157,702 157,702 2,069,783 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 5,402,849 - 3,333,066	Transfers in	-	644,803	644,803	640,141
Net change in fund balances - 157,702 157,702 2,069,783 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 5,402,849 - 3,333,066	Transfers out				(6,405)
Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 - 3,333,066	Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	40,000	664,418	624,418	1,016,056
Fund balances at beginning of year 5,402,849 - 3,333,066	Net change in fund balances	-	157,702	157,702	2,069,783
	-	5,402,849	•		· · ·
	Fund balances at end of year	\$ 5,402,849	\$ 5,560,551	\$ 157,702	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2024			2023
	ginal and al Budget	Actual	Fina Po	Ince with I Budget Disitive	Actual
General government:	Ī				
City administration:					
Salaries	\$ 562,000	\$ 541,040	\$	20,960	\$ 543,456
Insurance	220,000	253,948		(33,948)	220,856
Office equipment	5,800	5,937		(137)	5,613
Office supplies	8,700	8,655		45	7,782
Miscellaneous	 100,700	 169,630		(68,930)	113,269
Total City Administration	 897,200	979,210		(82,010)	890,976
Vehicle tax:					
Printing forms	500	295		205	930
Employee benefits:					
Health and welfare insurance	568,000	655,130		(87,130)	709,414
Workmen's compensation claims	6,000	3,450		2,550	-
Social Security	120,000	205,975		(85,975)	200,519
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	100,000	71,476		28,524	99,815
Accrued unemployment compensation	5,000	3,136		1,864	12,176
Total employee benefits	799,000	939,167		(140,167)	1,021,924
Legal:					
City attorney	9,000	19,200		(10,200)	19,950
City prosecutor	39,000	39,000		-	39,000
Outside professional services	90,000	70,195		19,805	191,505
Legal - union labor	20,500	86,075		(65,575)	85,184
Total Legal	158,500	214,470		(55,970)	335,639
Other:					
Audit	60,000	116,439		(56,439)	112,295
Advisory boards and commissions	10,800	58,076		(47,276)	77,560
Total Other	70,800	174,515		(103,715)	189,855
Total General Government	1,926,000	2,307,657		(381,657)	2,439,324

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

			2024				2023
					ance with I Budget		
	Origin				ositive		
	Final E	Budget	 Actual	(Ne	gative)		Actual
Parks:				_		_	
Salaries	\$ 3	317,249	\$ 332,578	\$	(15,329)	\$	340,376
Maintenance		25,000	26,664		(1,664)		30,865
Supplies		22,400	19,157		3,243		35,123
Field trips		5,000	2,920		2,080		2,661
Special events	1	127,500	175,419		(47,919)		169,049
Miscellaneous		25,000	 23,859		1,141		12,047
Total Parks		522,149	 580,597		(58,448)		590,121
Public safety:							
Police protection:							
Salaries	3,9	946,375	4,213,088		(266,713)		4,007,804
Equipment rentals		22,500	21,545		955		22,762
Gasoline and maintenance	1	163,938	168,627		(4,689)		196,029
Ammunition, uniforms, and police							
supplies		76,600	62,509		14,091		84,416
Employee benefits - police pension	1,5	550,000	1,910,144		(360,144)		1,585,773
Seminars and training		49,500	44,332		5,168		65,217
Miscellaneous		536,002	 534,383		1,619		478,466
Total Public Safety	6,3	344,915	 6,954,628		(609,713)		6,440,467
Public works:							
Building and zoning:	_						
Salaries	3	321,841	358,447		(36,606)		344,140
Consulting engineer		-	15,483		(15,483)		27,971
Miscellaneous		13,910	 7,817		6,093		7,848
Total Building and Zoning	3	335,751	 381,747		(45,996)		379,959
Building		19,800	 22,254		(2,454)		21,263
Street Lighting		28,000	 32,349		(4,349)		40,511
Streets:							
Salaries	2	217,500	210,820		6,680		185,474
Materials		40,500	42,639		(2, 139)		53,755
Vehicles	1	147,500	221,155		(73,655)		197,431
Gasoline and oil		-	-		-		255
Miscellaneous		14,500	 40,382		(25,882)		4,601
Total Streets		120,000	 514,996		(94,996)		441,516
Total Public Works	8	303,551	 951,346		(147,795)		883,249

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

			2024			2023
	_			Fir	riance with	_
		iginal and nal Budget	Actual		Positive Negative)	Actual
Debt service:		iai Daaget	 Aotuui		to gativo j	 Aotuui
Principal retirement	\$	15,334	\$ 307,274	\$	(291,940)	\$ 497,305
Interest and fees		-	205,430		(205,430)	237,412
Total Debt Service		15,334	512,704		(497,370)	734,717
Capital outlay:						
General government		138,000	237,815		(99,815)	223,446
Public safety		77,170	595,223		(518,053)	23,118
Public works		6,800	7,379		(579)	6,027
Total Capital Outlay		221,970	840,417		(618,447)	252,591
Total Expenditures	\$	9,833,919	\$ 12,147,349	\$	(2,313,430)	\$ 11,340,469



CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE SHEET

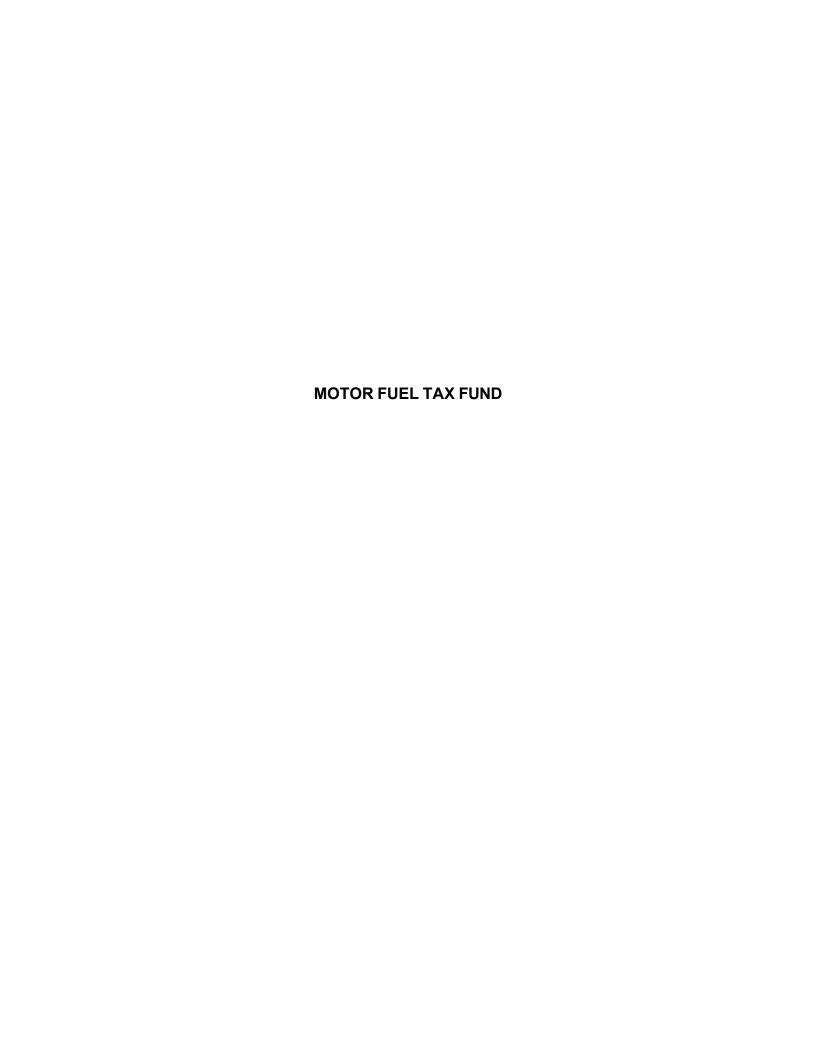
APRIL 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR APRIL 30, 2023)

	2024		2023
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables Due from other funds	\$ 1,564,110 102,744 8,105	\$	1,435,596 102,728 -
Total Assets	\$ 1,674,959	\$	1,538,324
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 215,974 60	\$	88,311 217,929
Total Liabilities	216,034		306,240
FUND BALANCES Committed	 1,458,925	_	1,232,084
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,674,959	\$	1,538,324

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES

	2024	2023
Revenues:		
Licenses, permits, and fees:		
Capital improvement surcharge	\$ 1,249,505	\$ 1,242,527
Intergovernmental	335,734	453,524
Interest income	 35,042	 11,259
Total Revenues	 1,620,281	 1,707,310
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Public works	-	21,244
Capital outlay	1,107,490	 1,003,352
Total Expenditures	 1,107,490	 1,024,596
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 512,791	682,714
Other financing sources (uses):		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	11,850	-
Transfers in	-	186,396
Transfers out	 (297,800)	 (297,475)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(285,950)	(111,079)
Net change in fund balances	226,841	571,635
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,232,084	660,449
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,458,925	\$ 1,232,084



MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND BALANCE SHEET

APRIL 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR APRIL 30, 2023)

	 2024	2023
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 509,099	\$ 818,531
Due from other funds	3,299	384,926
Due from other governmental units	79,064	 81,072
Total Assets	\$ 591,462	\$ 1,284,529
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ 27,355	\$ 66,217
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted	564,107	1,218,312
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 591,462	\$ 1,284,529

MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES

		2024		2023
Revenues:	Ф	1 000 260	φ	1 102 202
Intergovernmental Interest income	\$ 	1,022,362 2,717	\$ 	1,183,292 4,440
Total revenues		1,025,079		1,187,732
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public works		1,679,284		1,209,091
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		(654,205)		(21,359)
Other financing uses:				
Transfers out				(10,886)
Net change in fund balances		(654,205)		(32,245)
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,218,312		1,250,557
Fund balances at end of year	\$	564,107	\$	1,218,312





WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

APRIL 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE APRIL 30, 2023)

	2024	2023
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,439,043	\$ 4,622,108
Receivables:		
Accounts billed	54,845	79,302
Accounts unbilled	573,396	543,212
Due from other funds	1,820	5,040
Prepaid items	 41,706	37,062
Total Current Assets	5,110,810	5,286,724
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital assets being depreciated, net	 4,836,747	4,429,200
Total Assets	 9,947,557	9,715,924
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to other	801,248	687,627
postemployment benefits	572,107	617,801
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 1,373,355	1,305,428

WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

APRIL 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE APRIL 30, 2023)

	2024			2023
LIABILITIES	<u></u>	_		_
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	336,792	\$	301,484
Accrued payroll and compensated absences		108,797		87,097
Due to other funds		34,799		426,271
Current portion of leases		2,120		-
Current portion of installment contracts		96,827		73,789
Total Current Liabilities		579,335		888,641
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Leases, less current portion		6,338		-
Installment contracts, less current portion		445,633		-
Net pension liability		326,125		442,070
Total other postemployment benefits liability		805,703		816,437
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,583,799		1,258,507
Total Liabilities		2,163,134		2,147,148
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to other		108,294		296,209
postemployment benefits		344,020		225,486
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		452,314		521,695
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		4,285,829		4,355,411
Unrestricted		4,419,635		3,997,098
Total Net Position	\$	8,705,464	\$	8,352,509

WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2023		
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 6,607,180	\$ 6,958,503	\$ 351,323	\$ 6,688,840
Permits and fees	30,000	13,370	(16,630)	49,522
Miscellaneous income	21,025	24,801	3,776	30,621
Total Operating Revenues	6,658,205	6,996,674	338,469	6,768,983
Operating expenses:				
Personnel	1,842,733	1,915,174	(72,441)	1,797,588
Employee benefits	817,914	562,002	255,912	666,385
Water purchases	2,526,354	2,505,192	21,162	2,300,201
Electrical energy	39,950	56,232	(16,282)	33,418
Systems maintenance	246,100	365,303	(119,203)	289,140
Contractual services	412,500	466,549	(54,049)	411,182
Intragovernmental	300,000	300,000	-	300,000
Rental, repairs, and maintenance	71,500	71,109	391	105,876
Miscellaneous	22,654	177,245	(154,591)	231,450
Depreciation	-	211,338	(211,338)	190,263
Capital outlay	133,500	95,399	38,101	21,980
Total operating expenses including capitalized items	6,413,205	6,725,543	(312,338)	6,347,483
Less capitalized items	(133,500)	(67,242)	(66,258)	
Total Operating Expenses	6,279,705	6,658,301	(378,596)	6,347,483
Operating income (loss)	378,500	338,373	(40,127)	421,500
Nonoperating revenue (expense):	20.000	400.007	140.007	F4 600
Interest income	20,000	166,937	146,937	51,629
Interest expense		(2,355)	(2,355)	(25,638)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	20,000	164,582	144,582	25,991

WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

	2024						2023	
	;	Original and Final Budget Actual		Variance with Final Budget		Actual		
Income before transfers	\$	398,500	\$	502,955	\$	104,455	\$	447,491
Transfers in (out):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		107
Transfers out		(150,000)		(150,000)				(420,690)
Total Transfers In (Out)		(150,000)		(150,000)				(420,583)
Change in net position		248,500		352,955		104,455		26,908
Net position at beginning of year		8,352,509		8,352,509				8,325,601
Net position at end of year	\$	8,601,009	\$	8,705,464	\$	104,455	\$	8,352,509
Other budgeted expenditures:								
Long-term debt principal	\$	115,000	\$	74,514	\$	40,486	\$	126,515

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2023		
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual
Personnel:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 1,842,733	\$ 1,915,174	\$ (72,441)	\$ 1,797,588
Employee benefits:				
Health and welfare	531,700	229,322	302,378	516,073
FICA Social Security tax	141,214	147,306	(6,092)	138,827
IMRF pension	145,000	185,374	(40,374)	11,485
Total Employee Benefits	817,914	562,002	255,912	666,385
Water purchases	2,526,354	2,505,192	21,162	2,300,201
Electrical energy	39,950	56,232	(16,282)	33,418
Systems maintenance:				
Materials for water installation	15,000	23,870	(8,870)	17,557
Materials for sewer installation	1,500	890	610	1,059
Materials for drainage	22,000	45,128	(23,128)	30,041
Meter purchases and repairs	57,500	163,525	(106,025)	59,922
Purification supplies	2,000	2,857	(857)	1,276
Laboratory services	11,000	11,525	(525)	6,439
Gasoline diesel	75,000	57,482	17,518	82,097
Maintenance:				
Lift stations	20,000	10,843	9,157	29,524
Sanitary sewers	37,000	45,184	(8,184)	54,242
Heating - fuel and light	5,100	3,999	1,101	6,983
Total Systems Maintenance	246,100	365,303	(119,203)	289,140

WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

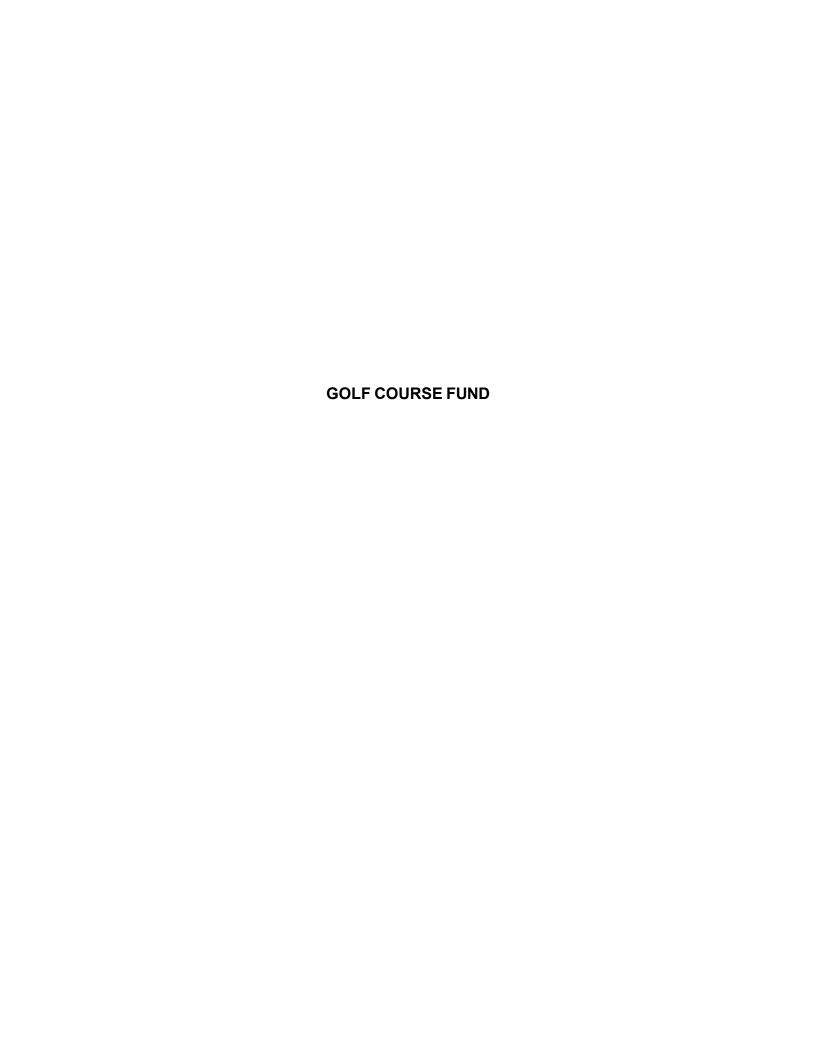
	2024						2023	
	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget		Actual	
Contractual services:								
Computer supplies and rental	\$	85,000	\$	74,319	\$	10,681	\$ 80,772	
Office equipment		1,300		995		305	2,731	
Postage		40,000		42,324		(2,324)	38,095	
Telephone		4,200		5,029		(829)	4,325	
Audit		32,000		34,904		(2,904)	31,869	
Engineering		22,000		53,989		(31,989)	31,078	
Liability insurance		225,000		252,677		(27,677)	219,074	
Office supplies		3,000		2,312		688	3,238	
Total Contractual Services		412,500		466,549		(54,049)	411,182	
Intragovernmental		300,000		300,000			300,000	
Rental, repairs, and maintenance:								
Tools and equipment rentals		33,500		37,555		(4,055)	38,915	
Sewer system rehabilitation		38,000		33,554		4,446	66,961	
Total rental, repairs, and maintenance		71,500		71,109		391	105,876	
Miscellaneous		22,654		177,245		(154,591)	231,450	
Depreciation		_		211,338		(211,338)	190,263	
Capital outlay	-	133,500		95,399		38,101	21,980	
Total operating expenses including capitalized items		6,413,205		6,725,543		(312,338)	6,347,483	
Less capitalized items		(133,500)		(67,242)		(66,258)	-	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	6,279,705	\$	6,658,301	\$	(378,596)	\$ 6,347,483	

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		2024		2023
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments for personnel	\$	6,990,947 (3,939,123) (2,719,463)	\$	6,786,384 (3,437,581) (2,594,722)
Net cash flows from operating activities		332,361		754,081
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Advances made to other funds Collection of advances made to other funds Advances received from other funds		- 3,220 -		(4,418) - 297,619
Repayments of advances received from other funds Transfers to other funds Advances from other funds		(391,472) (150,000)		(420,690) 107
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities		(538,252)		(127,382)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Capital asset additions Principal payments on installment contracts Principal payments on leases Interest paid		(67,242) (73,789) (725) (2,355)		(126,515) (25,638)
Net cash flows from capital and related financing acrtivities		(144,111)		(152,153)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income received		166,937		51,629
Net change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(183,065) 4,622,108		526,175 4,095,933
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	4,439,043	\$	4,622,108
Noncash capital and related financing activities: Capital assets acquired from issuance of installment contracts Capital assets acquired from issuance of leases	\$ \$	542,460 9,183	\$ \$	-

WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

	2024			2023		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash						
provided by operating activities:						
Operating income	\$	338,373	\$	421,500		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income						
to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		211,338		190,263		
(Increase) decrease in:						
Receivables and other assets		(10,371)		202,973		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		(113,621)		(649,951)		
Deferred outflows of resources related to other						
postemployment benefits		45,694		65,445		
Increase (decrease) in:						
Accounts payable		35,308		70,094		
Accrued payroll and compensated absences		21,700		(6,438)		
Net pension liability		(115,945)		2,005,023		
Total other postemployment benefits liability		(10,734)		(55,767)		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(187,915)		(1,459,330)		
Deferred inflows of resources related to other						
postemployment benefits		118,534		(29,731)		
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	332,361	\$	754,081		



GOLF COURSE FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

APRIL 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE APRIL 30, 2023)

	2024	2023
ASSETS		
Current Assets:	Φ 44.544	Φ 00.000
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$ 41,541 15,045	\$ 23,960
Total Current Assets	56,586	23,960
Noncurrent Assets:	2 245 770	2 245 770
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Capital assets being depreciated/amorized, net	2,215,779 206,919	2,215,779 210,987
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,422,698	2,426,766
Total Assets	2,479,284	2,450,726
		2,100,120
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	34,533	25,540
Deferred outflows of resources related to other	34,333	25,540
postemployment benefits	18,667	21,482
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	53,200	47,022
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	30,040	25,548
Accrued payroll and compensated absences	9,390	9,476
Due to other funds	1,001	28,819
Current portion of leases	7,628	7,170
Current portion of installment contracts	17,100	16,173
Total Current Liabilities	65,159	87,186
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Leases, less current portion	4,672	12,300
Installment contracts, less current portion	57,037	74,137
Net pension liability Total other postemployment benefits liability	14,056 15,131	16,419 15,719
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	90,896	118,575
Total Liabilities		
Total Liabilities	156,055	205,761
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	7.070	40.400
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to other	7,278	13,439
postemployment benefits	5,623	4,341
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,901	17,780
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	2,336,261	2,316,986
Unrestricted	27,267	(42,779)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,363,528	\$ 2,274,207

GOLF COURSE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			2024		 2023
	-	Original and Final Budget	Actual	riance with	Actual
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services		311,102	370,111	59,009	313,484
Retail and concession sales		48,000	65,535	17,535	56,124
Miscellaneous income		15,000	 6,918	(8,082)	 35,749
Total Operating Revenues		374,102	 442,564	 68,462	 405,357
Operating expenses:					
Personnel		138,212	157,352	(19,140)	134,074
Employee benefits		25,600	12,987	12,613	16,675
Cost of sales		18,000	23,545	(5,545)	24,742
Contractual services		31,500	33,451	(1,951)	38,280
Commodities and supplies		36,200	43,801	(7,601)	47,114
Rental, repairs, and maintenance Miscellaneous		9,177	894	8,283	36,885
Depreciation / amortization		28,450	71,358 49,543	(42,908) (49,543)	145,389 23,959
Total operating expenses including capialized items		287,139	 392,931	(105,792)	467,118
Less capitalized items		(14,000)	(45,475)	31,475	(128,750)
Total Operating Expenses		273,139	347,456	(74,317)	338,368
Operating income		100,963	95,108	(5,855)	66,989
Nonoperating revenue (expense): Interest income Interest expense		(3,000)	47 (5,834)	47 (2,834)	35 (1,608)
·		, , ,	 <u>'</u>	 <u> </u>	`
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		(3,000)	 (5,787)	 (2,787)	 (1,573)
Income before transfers		97,963	89,321	(8,642)	65,416
Transfers in (out)			 		 (97,467)
Change in net position		97,963	89,321	(8,642)	(32,051)
Net position at beginning of year		2,274,207	 2,274,207	 -	 2,306,258
Net position at end of year	\$	2,372,170	\$ 2,363,528	\$ (8,642)	\$ 2,274,207
Other budgeted expenditures:					
Long-term debt principal	\$	35,000	\$ 23,343	\$ 11,657	\$ 22,553

GOLF COURSE FUND

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		2023		
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual
Personnel:				
Salaries and wages Labor	\$ 69,21 69,00	. ,	\$ (3,165) (15,975)	\$ 68,407 65,667
Total Personnel	138,21	2 157,352	(19,140)	134,074
Employee benefits:				
FICA Social Security tax		- 12,140	(12,140)	4,303
IMRF pension	25,60	00 847	24,753	12,372
Total Employee Benefits	25,60	12,987	12,613	16,675
Cost of sales:				
Food	15,00	00 16,606	(1,606)	16,013
Merchandise	3,00	00 6,939	(3,939)	8,729
Total cost of sales	18,00	23,545	(5,545)	24,742
Contractual services:				
Utilities	8,50	9,480	(980)	5,695
Insurance	14,00	00 14,772	(772)	25,067
Dues	1,00	00 665	335	797
Sales and use tax	5,00	5,366	(366)	4,332
Rental	1,00		(1,611)	745
Uniforms	1,20		812	658
Licenses	80	00 169	631	986
Total Contractual Services	31,50	00 33,451	(1,951)	38,280

GOLF COURSE FUND

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CONTINUED)

				2024			2023
	a	Driginal nd Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget		Actual
Commodities and supplies:							
Gasoline and lubricants	\$	6,900	\$	6,183	\$	717	\$ 7,312
Seed, sod, and flowers		800		4,089		(3,289)	2,039
Fertilizer		4,000		4,401		(401)	2,165
Pesticides		16,000		17,514		(1,514)	20,024
Supplies		5,500		6,387		(887)	7,128
Irrigation and drainage		3,000		5,227		(2,227)	8,446
Total Commodities and Supplies		36,200		43,801		(7,601)	 47,114
Rental, repairs, and maintenance:							
Machinery		-		-		-	12,525
Safety equipment/inspections		1,000		716		284	962
Maintenance equipment		8,177		178		7,999	22,642
Golf shop equipment		-		-			756
Total rental, repairs, and maintenance		9,177		894		8,283	36,885
Miscellaneous							
Services provided		4,300		2,785		1,515	3,878
Golf capital outlay		14,000		50,321		(36,321)	128,750
Other		10,150		18,252		(8,102)	12,761
Total Miscellaneous		28,450		71,358		(42,908)	145,389
Depreciation / Amortization				49,543		(49,543)	23,959
Total operating expenses including capitalized items		287,139		392,931		(105,792)	467,118
Less capitalized items		(14,000)		(45,475)		31,475	(128,750)
Total Operating Expenses	\$	273,139	\$	347,456	\$	(74,317)	\$ 338,368

GOLF COURSE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments for personnel	\$ 442,564 (123,082) (184,433)	\$ 405,357 (155,538) (145,533)
Net cash flows from operating activities	135,049	 104,286
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Advances made to other funds Repayments of advances received from other funds Advances received from other funds Transfers to other funds	(15,045) (27,818) - -	- - 28,819 (97,467)
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities	 (42,863)	 (68,648)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Capital asset additions Principal payments on installment contracts Principal payments on leases Interest paid	(45,475) (16,173) (7,170) (5,834)	(28,125) (15,678) (6,875) (1,608)
Net cash flows from capital and related financing acrtivities	 (74,652)	 (52,286)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income received	47	35_
Net change in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	17,581 23,960	(16,613) 40,573
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 41,541	\$ 23,960

GOLF COURSE FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

	2024	2023
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$ 95,108	\$ 66,989
Adjustments to reconcile operating income		
to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	49,543	23,959
(Increase) decrease in:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	(8,993)	(21,947)
Deferred outflows of resources related to other		
postemployment benefits	2,815	2,256
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable	4,492	8,122
Accrued payroll and compensated absences	(86)	3,018
Net pension liability	(2,363)	76,742
Total other postemployment benefits liability	(588)	(1,694)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(6,161)	(52,467)
Deferred inflows of resources related to other		
postemployment benefits	1,282	(692)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 135,049	\$ 104,286



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

APRIL 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR APRIL 30, 2023)

		Special Revenue		Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
			Park velopment		2024	2023			
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	178,431	\$	135,183	\$	313,614	\$	649,328	
FUND BALANCES Restricted Assigned	\$	178,431 -	\$	- 135,183	\$	178,431 135,183	\$	490,514 158,814	
Total Fund Balances	\$	178,431	\$	135,183	\$	313,614	\$	649,328	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

APRIL 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2023)

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
	DEA / Customs Revenue	Park Development	2024	2023		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest income Miscellaneous income	\$ 42,918 447	\$ - 73 26,200	\$ 42,918 520 26,200	\$ 113,829 604 32,300		
Total Revenues	43,365	26,273	69,638	146,733		
Expenditures: Current:				0.000		
Public works Capital outlay Debt service:	81,762	- 48,261	130,023	6,000 216,501		
Principal Interest	61,384 18,342		61,384 18,342	<u>-</u>		
Total Expenditures	161,488	48,261	209,749	222,501		
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(118,123)	(21,988)	(140,111)	(75,768)		
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in	1,400	-	1,400	- 6,298		
Transfers out	(195,360)	(1,643)	(197,003)	(19)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(193,960)	(1,643)	(195,603)	6,279		
Net change in fund balances	(312,083)	(23,631)	(335,714)	(69,489)		
Fund balances at beginning of year	490,514	158,814	649,328	718,817		
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 178,431	\$ 135,183	\$ 313,614	\$ 649,328		





DEA / CUSTOMS REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEET

APRIL 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR APRIL 30, 2023)

	2024		2023		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	178,431	\$	490,514	
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted	\$	178,431	\$	490,514	

DEA / CUSTOMS REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES

	2024			2023
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	42,918	\$	39,355
Interest income	φ	42,910	φ	526
Total Revenues		43,365		39,881
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public works		-		6,000
Capital outlay		81,762		123,701
Debt service:				
Principal		61,384		-
Interest		18,342		
Total Expenditures		161,488		129,701
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		(118,123)		(89,820)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		1,400		-
Transfers in		-		6,298
Transfers out		(195,360)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(193,960)		6,298
Net change in fund balances		(312,083)		(83,522)
Fund balances at beginning of year	•	490,514		574,036
Fund balances at end of year	\$	178,431	\$	490,514





PARK DEVELOPMENT FUND BALANCE SHEET

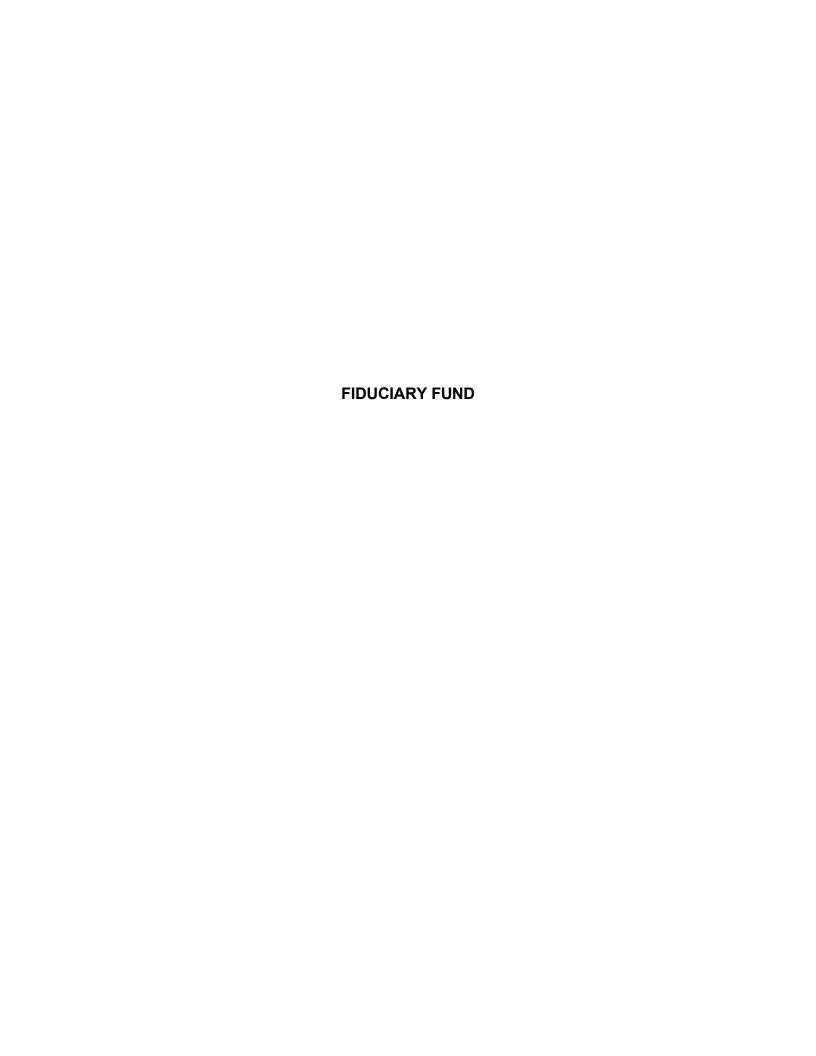
APRIL 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR APRIL 30, 2023)

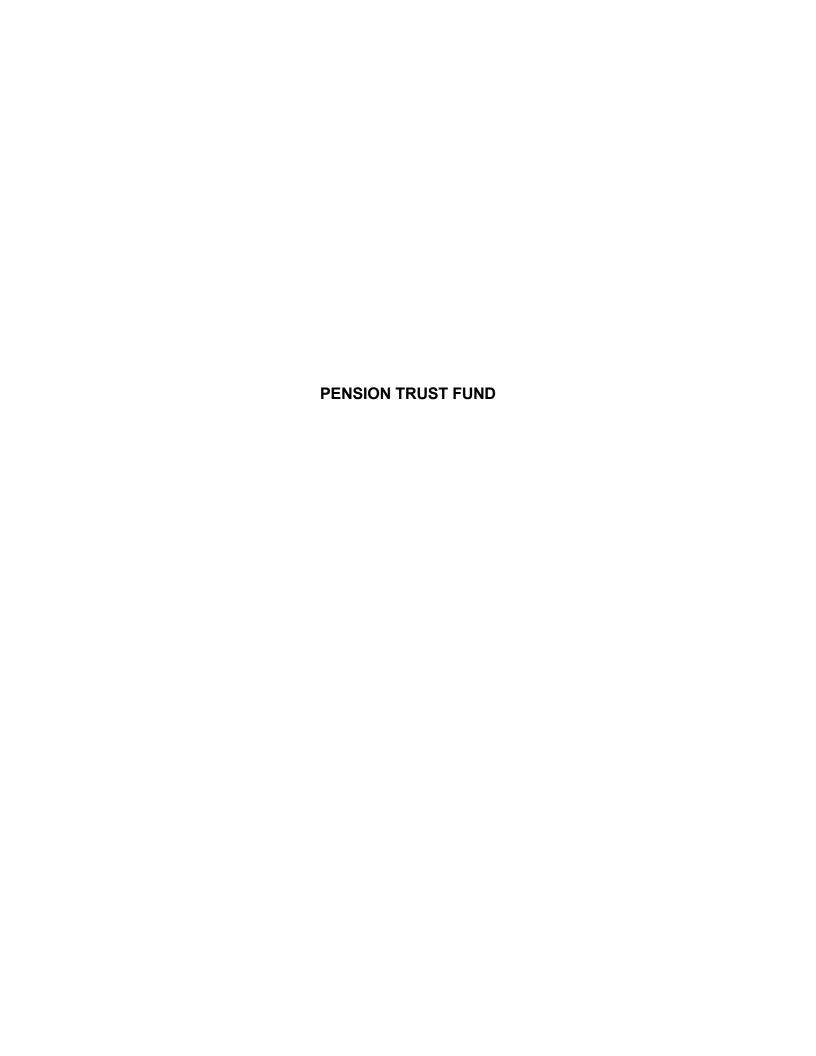
ACCETC	2024			2023			
ASSETS Cook and cook equivalents	\$	125 102	¢	150 011			
Cash and cash equivalents	Φ	135,183	\$	158,814			
FUND BALANCES							
Assigned	\$	135,183	\$	158,814			

PARK DEVELOPMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES

	 2024	 2023
Revenues:		_
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 74,474
Interest income	73	78
Miscellaneous income	26,200	32,300
Total Revenues	26,273	106,852
Expenditures:		
Capital outlay	 48,261	92,800
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(21,988)	14,052
Other financing uses:		
Transfers out	(1,643)	(19)
Net change in fund balances	(23,631)	14,033
Fund balances at beginning of year	158,814	144,781
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 135,183	\$ 158,814







POLICE PENSION FUND STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

APRIL 30, 2024 (WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR APRIL 30, 2023)

	2024		2023
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	884,509	\$ 698,182
Receivables:			
Other		21,247	104,596
Prepaid items		4,301	4,293
Investments:			
Pooled investments		25,165,924	23,281,018
Total Assets		26,075,981	24,088,089
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable		126,408	128,158
NET POSITION			
Net position restricted for pensions	\$	25,949,573	\$ 23,959,931

POLICE PENSION FUND

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

	2024	2023
Additions		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$ 1,910,144	\$ 1,585,773
Employees	 289,065	 286,237
Total Contributions	 2,199,209	1,872,010
Investment income	2,167,123	161,793
Less investment expense	 (13,079)	(29,678)
Net Investment Income	 2,154,044	 132,115
Total Additions	 4,353,253	 2,004,125
Deductions:		
Benefit payments and refunds of member contributions	2,308,408	2,693,916
Administrative expenses	 55,203	57,414
Total Deductions	2,363,611	2,751,330
Change in net position	1,989,642	(747,205)
Net position at beginning of year	23,959,931	 24,707,136
Net position at end of year	\$ 25,949,573	\$ 23,959,931

SCHEDULES OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATIONS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATIONS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY SOURCE

APRIL 30, 2024

Governmental funds capital assets:	
Land	\$ 5,404,581
Buildings	13,970,554
Furniture and fixtures	589,487
Infrastructure	2,236,450
Land improvements	1,740,425
Machinery and equipment	2,141,566
Vehicles	3,142,726
Right-to-use leased equipment	42,041
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$ 29,267,830

INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL ASSETS BY SOURCE

Investment in governmental funds capital assets by source:	
Source of capital assets inseparable prior to May 1, 2001	\$ 10,597,942
General Fund	5,878,610
Special revenue funds	2,387,084
Capital projects funds	 10,404,194
Total Governmental Fund Capital Assets	\$ 29,267,830

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATIONS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

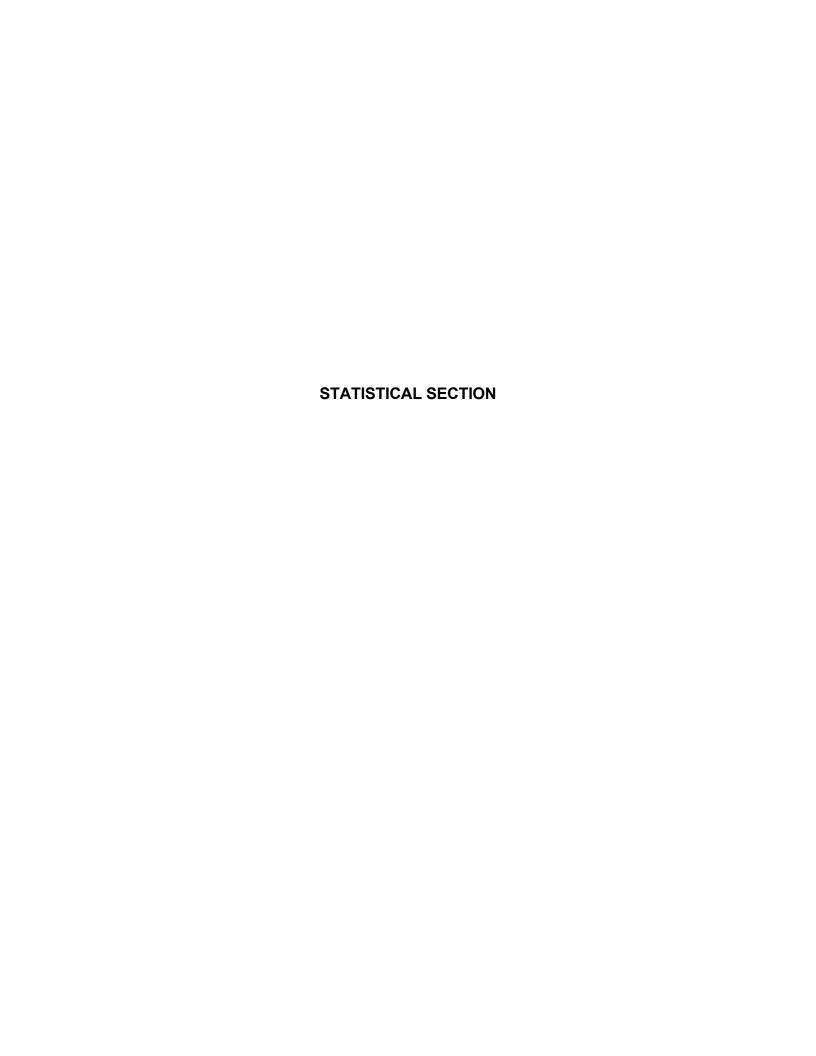
YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

Function and Activity	land	Buildings	rniture and	lmá		lmr	Land	lachinery and guipment	,	Vehicles	Ľ	ht-to-use .eased uipment	Total
Function and Activity	 Land	 Sullulligs	 Fixtures	<u> </u>	rastructure	11111	provements	 quipment		venicles	<u> </u>	uipinent	
General government	\$ 2,667,594	\$ 1,686,700	\$ 81,690	\$	2,220,046	\$	483,732	\$ 493,814	\$	24,000	\$	13,775	\$ 7,671,351
Parks	542,038	2,242,791	352,453		-		916,631	151,804		358,687		28,266	4,592,670
Public safety	1,089,670	1,118,325	28,534		-		79,137	1,018,780		2,375,625		-	5,710,071
Public works	 1,105,279	 8,922,738	126,810		16,404		260,925	 477,168		384,414		-	11,293,738
Total governmental funds													
capital assets	\$ 5,404,581	\$ 13,970,554	\$ 589,487	\$	2,236,450	\$	1,740,425	\$ 2,141,566	\$	3,142,726	\$	42,041	\$ 29,267,830

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATIONS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

	Balance May			Balance April
Function and Activity	1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	30, 2024
General government	\$ 7,644,466	\$ 26,885	\$ -	\$ 7,671,351
Parks	4,266,466	326,204	-	4,592,670
Public safety	5,295,255	626,941	(212, 125)	5,710,071
Public works	11,289,809	3,929	-	11,293,738
Total governmental funds				
capital assets	\$ 28,495,996	\$ 983,959	\$ (212,125)	\$ 29,267,830



STATISTICAL SECTION

YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

This part of the annual comprehensive financial report of the City of Palos Hills, Illinois presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health. The section is divided into five sections as follows:

Financial Trends – These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Net Position by Component	90
Changes in Net Position	91-92
General Government Tax Revenues by Source	93
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	94
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	95

Revenue Capacity – These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	96
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	97
Principal Property Taxpayers	98
Property Tax Levies and Collections	99

Debt Capacity – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	100
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	101
Legal Debt Margin Information	102

Demographic and Economic Information – These schedules contain demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Demographic and Economic Statistics	103
Ten Largest Employers (Information not Currently Available)	

Operating Information – These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by	/ Function 1	104
Operating Indicators and Capital Asset Statistics by	Function 1	105

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Governmental activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 12,841,299 749,089 (23,475,750)	\$ 12,167,469 1,710,407 (21,354,476)	\$ 12,126,445 1,840,280 (21,366,815)	\$ 10,872,971 1,829,842 (19,838,716)	\$ 6,197,432 964,145 (13,304,060)	\$ 7,952,721 591,577 (8,639,170)	\$ 8,100,130 1,388,166 (8,198,943)	\$ 8,133,683 1,155,527 (7,683,933)	\$ 8,175,266 1,117,012 (6,833,843)	\$ 8,259,943 1,086,050 (1,375,729)
Total governmental activities net position	(9,885,362)	(7,476,600)	(7,400,090)	(7,135,903)	(6,142,483)	(94,872)	1,289,353	1,605,277	2,458,435	7,970,264
Business-type activities: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total business-type activities	6,622,090 4,446,902	6,672,397 3,954,319	6,709,426 3,922,433	6,688,652 714,960	6,649,701 690,088	6,790,259 389,009	6,738,828 782,905	6,819,628 315,557	6,888,859 (241,318)	7,013,076 (37,811)
net position	11,068,992	10,626,716	10,631,859	7,403,612	7,339,789	7,179,268	7,521,733	7,135,185	6,647,541	6,975,265
Primary government: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	19,463,389 749,089 (19,028,848)	18,839,866 1,710,407 (17,400,157)	18,835,871 1,840,280 (17,444,382)	17,561,623 1,829,842 (19,123,756)	12,847,133 964,145 (12,613,972)	14,742,980 591,577 (8,250,161)	14,838,958 1,388,166 (7,416,038)	14,953,311 1,155,527 (7,368,376)	15,064,125 1,117,012 (7,075,161)	15,273,019 1,086,050 (1,413,540)
Total primary government net position	\$ 1,183,630	\$ 3,150,116	\$ 3,231,769	\$ 267,709	\$ 1,197,306	\$ 7,084,396	\$ 8,811,086	\$ 8,740,462	\$ 9,105,976	\$ 14,945,529

Note: The City adopted GASB 68 during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016 and GASB 75 during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019. Prior years are not restated to reflect retrospective adoption of GASB 68 and GASB 75.

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019 2018		2018 2017		2015
Expenses:	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2016	2017	2016	2015
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 2,694,809	\$ 2,537,876	\$ 1,869,932	\$ 2,149,991	\$ 2,472,062	\$ 2,358,272	\$ 2,150,907	\$ 2,010,117	\$ 2,270,763	\$ 2,018,083
Parks	1,427,800	703,098	686,645	387,352	633,578	704,778	654,963	610,700	583,360	641,454
Public safety	9,919,277	9,629,212	8,966,255	9,480,593	11,696,150	6,897,450	6,829,394	6,779,937	6,169,070	5,598,785
Public works	2,687,148	2,905,277	1,960,589	1,776,766	1,974,010	2,561,447	1,060,536	959,427	1,003,154	899,488
Interest on long-term debt	204,449	233,824	239,555	271,549	253,763	74,701	69,756	125,383	35,544	169,551
Total Governmental Activities	16,933,483	16,009,287	13,722,976	14,066,251	17,029,563	12,596,648	10,765,556	10,485,564	10,061,891	9,327,361
Business-type activities:										
Waterworks and sewerage	6,660,656	6,373,121	5,563,983	6,389,405	5,881,283	5,859,602	5,651,677	5,276,906	5,365,987	5,097,599
Golf course	353,290	339,976	278,965	282,649	235,797	354,955	357,180	360,182	379,533	356,389
Total Business-type Activities	7,013,946	6,713,097	5,842,948	6,672,054	6,117,080	6,214,557	6,008,857	5,637,088	5,745,520	5,453,988
Total Primary Government	\$ 23,947,429	\$ 22,722,384	\$ 19,565,924	\$ 20,738,305	\$ 23,146,643	\$ 18,811,205	\$ 16,774,413	\$ 16,122,652	\$ 15,807,411	\$ 14,781,349
Program revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 1,010,493	\$ 1,130,735	\$ 1,121,103	\$ 1,254,425	\$ 873,736	\$ 1,107,231	\$ 925,786	\$ 865,008	\$ 857,549	\$ 969,492
Parks	314,099	284,929	240,087	58,444	284,252	306,483	299,703	259,735	244,470	243,532
Public safety	909,174	762,204	814,473	802,506	716,702	1,047,399	1,034,400	765,086	897,557	755,470
Operating grants and contributions	148,632	1,206,455	1,446,410	1,049,809	785,154	517,712	716,864	541,057	531,380	771,801
Capital grants and contributions	1,358,096	1,776,135	1,960,661	1,312,783	63,000					
Total Governmental Activities	3,740,494	5,160,458	5,582,734	4,477,967	2,722,844	2,978,825	2,976,753	2,430,886	2,530,956	2,740,295
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Waterworks and sewerage	6,996,674	6,768,983	6,637,737	6,445,200	6,288,235	6,276,911	6,209,844	5,914,061	5,713,771	5,362,044
Golf course	442,564	405,357	329,134	342,132	170,831	225,409	263,091	289,519	277,594	282,051
Total Business-type Activities	7,439,238	7,174,340	6,966,871	6,787,332	6,459,066	6,502,320	6,472,935	6,203,580	5,991,365	5,644,095
Total Primary Government	\$ 11,179,732	\$ 12,334,798	\$ 12,549,605	\$ 11,265,299	\$ 9,181,910	\$ 9,481,145	\$ 9,449,688	\$ 8,634,466	\$ 8,522,321	\$ 8,384,390

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Net (expense) revenue: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (13,192,989) 425,292	\$ (10,848,829) 461,243	\$ (8,140,242) 1,123,923	\$ (9,588,284) 115,278	\$ (14,306,719) 341,986	\$ (9,617,823) 287,763	\$ (7,788,803) 464,078	\$ (8,054,678) 566,492	\$ (7,530,935) 245,845	\$ (6,587,066) 190,107
Total Primary Government	\$ (12,767,697)	\$ (10,387,586)	\$ (7,016,319)	\$ (9,473,006)	\$ (13,964,733)	\$ (9,330,060)	\$ (7,324,725)	\$ (7,488,186)	\$ (7,285,090)	\$ (6,396,959)
General revenues and other changes in net position: Governmental activities: General revenues:										
Taxes: Property Utility Intergovernmental-unrestricted:	\$ 2,543,951 1,005,480	\$ 2,397,445 1,113,579	\$ 2,408,205 1,053,542	\$ 2,224,155 917,859	\$ 2,235,721 935,003	\$ 2,143,450 1,005,258	\$ 2,170,247 1,023,765	\$ 2,124,377 1,046,362	\$ 2,077,927 1,029,936	\$ 2,065,403 1,124,236
State income State sales Local use Personal property replacement Interest income Miscellaneous income Transfers	3,399,907 1,331,355 710,309 47,538 188,717 1,406,970 150,000	3,156,248 1,310,093 759,834 72,174 73,625 1,371,271 518,050	3,151,907 1,191,165 704,131 63,858 2,178 1,401,979 (2,100,910)	2,257,714 865,644 786,554 29,296 16,681 1,373,271 83,516	1,863,646 828,579 611,817 23,097 108,095 1,419,073 234,077	1,967,498 805,197 531,568 21,100 22,481 1,336,255 318,729	1,751,420 804,485 459,890 19,504 9,716 1,151,703 82,149	1,739,259 785,110 431,093 23,310 6,915 962,958 82,136	1,854,478 755,645 403,601 20,985 5,987 1,075,277 81,934	1,828,570 791,937 353,255 22,796 3,636 987,890 81,578
Total Governmental Activities	10,784,227	10,772,319	7,876,055	8,554,690	8,259,108	8,151,536	7,472,879	7,201,520	7,305,770	7,259,301
Business-type activities: General revenues: Interest income Gain on disposal of assets Transfers	166,984 - (150,000)	51,664 - (518,050)	3,414 - 2,100,910	15,911 16,150 (83,516)	52,612 - (234,077)	23,301 - (318,729)	4,619 - (82,149)	3,288 - (82,136)	2,781 - (81,934)	1,801 - (81,578)
Total Business-type Activities	16,984	(466,386)	2,104,324	(51,455)	(181,465)	(295,428)	(77,530)	(78,848)	(79,153)	(79,777)
Total Primary Government	\$ 10,801,211	\$ 10,305,933	\$ 9,980,379	\$ 8,503,235	\$ 8,077,643	\$ 7,856,108	\$ 7,395,349	\$ 7,122,672	\$ 7,226,617	\$ 7,179,524
Changes in net position: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (2,408,762) 442,276	(5,143)	\$ (264,187) 3,228,247	63,823	160,521	\$ (1,466,287) (7,665)	386,548	\$ (853,158) 487,644	\$ (225,165) 166,692	\$ 672,235 110,330
Total Primary Government	\$ (1,966,486)	\$ (81,653)	\$ 2,964,060	\$ (969,771)	\$ (5,887,090)	\$ (1,473,952)	\$ 70,624	\$ (365,514)	\$ (58,473)	\$ 782,565

Note: The City adopted GASB 68 during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016 and GASB 75 during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019. Prior years are not restated to reflect retrospective adoption of GASB 68 and GASB 75.

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOISGENERAL GOVERNMENT TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	P	roperty Tax	Utility	Taxes	Total
2024	\$	2,543,951	\$	1,005,480	\$ 3,549,431
2023		2,397,445		1,113,579	3,511,024
2022		2,408,205		1,053,542	3,461,747
2021		2,224,155		917,859	3,142,014
2020		2,235,721		935,003	3,170,724
2019		2,143,450		1,005,258	3,148,708
2018		2,170,247		1,023,765	3,194,012
2017		2,124,377		1,046,362	3,170,739
2016		2,077,927		1,029,936	3,107,863
2015		2,065,403		1,124,236	3,189,639

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
General Fund: Nonspendable	\$ 17	,762 \$	37,062	\$ 36,238	\$ 2,519,984	\$ 2,438,398	\$ 2,370,574	\$ 2,244,582	\$ 2,149,840	\$ 2,077,203	\$ 2,004,865
Restricted Unassigned	5,536	,551 ,238	1,581 5,364,206	15,687 3,281,141	 31,110 1,297,968	 - 788,149	 1,433,992	1,271,731	- 1,212,231	 - 1,844,895	 1,414,980
Total General Fund	\$ 5,560	,551 \$	5,402,849	\$ 3,333,066	\$ 3,849,062	\$ 3,226,547	\$ 3,804,566	\$ 3,516,313	\$ 3,362,071	\$ 3,922,098	\$ 3,419,845
All other governmental funds:											
Restricted	\$ 742	,538 \$	1,708,826	\$ 1,824,593	\$ 1,798,732	\$ 964,145	\$ 6,996,830	\$ 1,388,166	\$ 1,155,527	\$ 1,117,012	\$ 1,086,050
Committed	1,458	,925	1,232,084	660,449	191,522	2,706,633	2,116,869	2,110,804	1,950,367	1,792,830	1,619,853
Assigned	135	,183	158,814	144,781	 121,658	 105,205	155,051	247,428	261,305	 250,035	 244,685
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 2,336	,646	3,099,724	\$ 2,629,823	\$ 2,111,912	\$ 3,775,983	\$ 9,268,750	\$ 3,746,398	\$ 3,367,199	\$ 3,159,877	\$ 2,950,588

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 2,543,951	\$ 2,397,445	\$ 2,408,205	\$ 2,224,155	\$ 2,235,721	\$ 2,143,450	\$ 2,170,247	\$ 2,124,377	\$ 2,077,927	\$ 2,065,403
Utility taxes	1,005,480	1,113,579	1,053,542	917,859	935,003	1,005,258	1,023,765	1,046,362	1,029,936	1,124,236
Licenses, permits and fees	2,184,360	2,301,921	2,220,705	2,082,391	2,116,046	2,323,770	2,053,634	1,742,763	1,729,860	1,848,050
Intergovernmental	6,995,837	8,280,939	8,518,132	6,301,800	4,175,293	3,843,075	3,986,500	3,285,492	3,879,500	3,719,209
Intragovernmental	300,000	300,000	300,000	450,000	260,000	260,000	260,000	260,000	260,000	260,000
Fines and forfeitures	876,543	761,794	814,113	802,086	716,237	1,046,739	1,033,215	764,221	896,752	754,660
Rental income	9,886	11,181	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-
Interest income	188,717	73,625	2,178	16,681	108,095	22,481	9,716	6,915	5,987	3,636
Miscellaneous income	250,857	195,487	242,824	154,169	267,157	166,859	64,743	85,803	188,241	93,674
Total Revenues	14,355,631	15,435,971	15,559,699	12,949,141	10,813,552	10,811,632	10,601,820	9,315,933	10,068,203	9,868,868
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	2,307,657	2,439,324	2,411,573	2,170,153	1,928,618	1,974,214	1,881,088	1,794,250	1,806,742	1,725,430
Parks	580,597	590,121	583,347	298,214	712,278	629,564	613,288	569,875	534,901	592,859
Public safety	6,954,628	6,446,467	6,319,876	5,829,813	5,690,857	5,592,703	5,403,606	5,317,502	4,966,921	4,994,688
Public works	2,630,630	2,113,584	1,898,994	1,602,077	1,058,539	1,883,441	843,018	928,976	996,744	871,196
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	368,658	497,305	535,733	524,563	540,941	820,000	919,457	878,392	842,425	700,000
Interest and fees	223,772	237,412	253,059	264,213	194,048	56,755	94,891	131,130	165,894	175,242
Debt issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-	194,750	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	2,077,930	1,472,444	1,454,292	3,687,555	7,045,279	1,130,471	395,180	130,649	154,015	677,463
Total Expenditures	15,143,872	13,796,657	13,456,874	14,376,588	17,170,560	12,281,898	10,150,528	9,750,774	9,467,642	9,736,878
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures	(788,241)	1,639,314	2,102,825	(1,427,447)	(6,357,008)	(1,470,266)	451,292	(434,841)	600,561	131,990
Other financing sources (uses):										
Debt certificates issued	_	_	_	_	_	6,145,000	_	_	_	_
Premium on debt certificates issued	_	_	_	_	_	455,003	_	_	_	_
Leases	13,775	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Installment contracts	· -	382,320	_	241,751	52,145	304,439	_	-	29,047	341,227
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	19,090	· -	_	20,450	· -	57,700	_	-	-	, <u>-</u>
Transfers in	644.803	832,835	760,971	2,248,963	555,954	318,729	93,452	92,621	91.808	94,223
Transfers out	(494,803)	(314,785)	(2,861,881)	_, ,	(321,877)	-	(11,303)	(10,485)	(9,874)	(12,645)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	182,865	900,370	(2,100,910)	2,511,164	286,222	7,280,871	82,149	82,136	110,981	422,805
rotal other rinarioning courses (Osco)	102,000	300,010	(2,100,010)	2,011,104	200,222	7,200,071	02,140	02,100	110,001	422,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (605,376)	\$ 2,539,684	\$ 1,915	\$ 1,083,717	\$ (6,070,786)	\$ 5,810,605	\$ 533,441	\$ (352,705)	\$ 711,542	\$ 554,795
Debt service as a percentage of										
non-capital expenditures	4.059%	5.497%	6.507%	7.222%	6.654%	7.397%	10.056%	10.436%	10.801%	9.499%

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN LEVY YEARS

Levy Year	Real Property (2)	7	Less 「ax-exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value
2023	\$ 617,553,533	\$	98,014,149	\$ 519,539,384	0.495%	\$1,558,618,152
2022	440,758,345		81,601,564	359,156,781	0.706%	1,077,470,343
2021	452,549,201		88,657,800	363,891,401	0.676%	1,091,674,203
2020	486,454,689		92,004,908	394,449,781	0.606%	1,183,349,343
2019	441,081,575		87,528,542	353,553,033	0.660%	1,060,659,099
2018	442,180,027		85,864,072	356,315,955	0.639%	1,070,017,883
2017	456,791,523		86,479,900	370,311,623	0.600%	1,112,046,916
2016	375,268,622		55,449,337	319,819,285	0.680%	960,418,273
2015	360,643,755		52,914,906	307,728,849	0.698%	924,110,658
2014	369,957,959		54,883,243	315,074,716	0.675%	946,170,318

⁽¹⁾ The Total Taxable Assessed Value is 33.3% of the Estimated Actual Taxable Value.

Data Source: Cook County, Illinois Tax Extension Division

⁽²⁾ Includes only real property; personal property is not taxed in Illinois.

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

LAST TEN TAX LEVY YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City of Palos Hills:										
Corporate	0.1774	0.2570	0.2500	0.2260	0.2460	0.2380	0.2240	0.2530	0.2600	0.2500
Police pension	0.1263	0.1745	0.1690	0.1530	0.1660	0.1610	0.1520	0.1720	0.1760	0.1700
I.M.R.F.	0.0258	0.0373	0.0360	0.0330	0.0360	0.0350	0.0320	0.0370	0.0380	0.0370
Street and bridge	0.0051	0.0074	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0070	0.0080	0.0090
Police protection	0.0448	0.0621	0.0600	0.0550	0.0590	0.0580	0.0540	0.0610	0.0630	0.0610
Social Security	0.0225	0.0312	0.0300	0.0270	0.0300	0.0290	0.0270	0.0310	0.0310	0.0300
Auditing	0.0098	0.0142	0.0140	0.0120	0.0140	0.0130	0.0120	0.0140	0.0150	0.0140
Liability insurance	0.0758	0.1097	0.1010	0.0910	0.1000	0.0960	0.0910	0.1030	0.1050	0.1020
Crossing guards	0.0013	0.0018	0.0020	0.0020	0.0020	0.0020	0.0020	0.0020	0.0020	0.0020
Levy adjustment PA 102-0519	0.0062	0.0109	0.0070							_
Total City of Palos Hills	0.4950	0.7061	0.6760	0.6060	0.6600	0.6390	0.6010	0.6800	0.6980	0.6750
Overlapping rates:										
School District #117	4.1580	5.5650	5.2610	4.8540	5.4520	5.3610	4.9820	5.6790	5.8530	5.6140
School District #118	2.8680	3.7230	3.1470	2.7940	2.9880	2.8820	2.7140	3.1060	3.2120	3.1330
School District #127	4.5290	5.7060	5.4230	4.8410	5.8680	6.2680	5.9150	-	-	-
North Palos Fire Protection District	1.1010	1.4780	1.3770	1.2200	1.3200	1.1060	1.0320	1.1610	1.1980	1.1340
Green Hills Public Library District	0.3550	0.4720	0.4380	0.3890	0.4310	0.4000	0.4150	0.4710	0.4860	0.4690
Worth Park District	0.6310	0.4910	0.4610	0.4060	0.4860	0.4740	0.4450	-	-	-
Hickory Hills Park District	0.3540	0.4480	0.4120	0.3620	0.4180	0.4090	0.3740	-	-	-
Moraine Valley Community College District 524	0.3340	0.4250	0.3940	0.3510	0.3930	0.3840	0.3650	0.4060	0.4190	0.4030
Consolidated High School #230	2.1680	2.7810	2.5700	2.2950	2.4880	2.4250	2.2870	2.7780	2.8790	2.7700
South Cook County Mosquito Abatement District	0.0170	0.0210	0.0190	0.0170	0.0180	0.0170	0.0160	0.0170	0.0170	0.0170
Metropolitan Water Reclamation District	0.3450	0.3740	0.3820	0.3780	0.3890	0.3960	0.4020	0.4060	0.4260	0.4300
General Assistance Palos	0.0070	0.0090	0.0080	0.0070	0.0100	0.0090	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0070
Road and Bridge Palos	0.0460	0.0600	0.0550	0.0490	0.0530	0.0510	0.0470	0.0540	0.0550	0.0520
Town of Palos	0.0610	0.0780	0.0720	0.0620	0.0670	0.0640	0.0600	0.0680	0.0700	0.0660
Consolidated Elections	0.0320	-	0.0190	-	0.0300	-	0.0310	-	0.0340	-
Forest Preserve District of Cook County	0.0750	0.0810	0.0580	0.0580	0.0590	0.0600	0.0620	0.0630	0.0690	0.0690
County of Cook	0.3860	0.4310	0.4460	0.4530	0.4540	0.4890	0.4960	0.5330	0.5520	0.2960
Cook County Health Facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8700	-	0.0310
Cook County Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1300	-	0.2410
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax Rate										
per \$100 of Assessed Valuation	17.9620	22.8491	21.2180	19.1420	21.5840	21.4340	20.2520	16.4300	15.9760	15.4070

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Palos Hills.

Not all overlapping rates apply to all City of Palos Hills property owners (e.g., the rates for special districts apply only to the proportion of the government's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the special district).

Source: Cook County, Illinois Tax Extension Division

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

APRIL 30, 2024

			2023			2014	
		Equalized Assessed		% of Total Equalized Assessed	Equalized Assessed		% of Total Equalized Assessed
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Valuation	Rank	Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Palos Hills Extended	Special commercial structure	\$ 8,721,603	1	1.68			
Green Oaks Investments	Two or three story building Commercial properties,	5,894,152	2	1.13	3,724,299	1	1.13
Omar N. Najib	retail stores, apartments	4,512,318	3	0.87	1,486,549	6	0.45
R&D Management	Industrial properties Parcels of vacant land, two	4,040,057	4	0.78	3,279,148	2	1.00
Palos Hills Realty LLC	or three story - retail	3,601,755	5	0.69	1,454,068	7	0.44
Anthony Dinovella	Shopping center	2,252,283	6	0.43	1,856,746	5	0.57
8055 West 103 LLC	Special commercial structure	1,984,924	7	0.38			
11001 Southwest Hwy LLC	Special commercial structure	1,809,780	8	0.35			
	Gas stations and commercial						
Nick Kontos	buildings	1,742,386	9	0.34	1,331,039	9	0.41
Rustic Woods Partners	Special commercial structure Two-Three Story Retail and	1,609,445	10	0.31			
Palos Hills Extended	Commercial Buildings				2,842,329	3	0.87
City of Palos Hills	Vacant Land				2,590,623	4	0.79
Argem, LLC	One story store				1,388,011	8	0.42
Weller Truck Co.	One story stores				1,139,717	10	0.35
Totals		\$ 36,168,703		6.96	\$ 21,092,529	=	6.43

Source: Cook County – 2023 and 2014 Real Estate Files

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Fotal Tax	Collected v	Collections in			Total Collections to Date				
Ended April 30	April 30 Fiscal Year		Amount	Percentage of Levy	S	Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2024	\$	2,571,720	\$ 1,267,664	49.29%	\$	-	\$	1,267,664	49.29%	
2023		2,535,647	1,225,597	48.33		1,236,926		2,462,523	97.12	
2022		2,463,057	1,231,166	49.99		1,176,170		2,407,336	96.71	
2021		2,387,207	1,071,040	44.87		1,246,384		2,317,424	97.07	
2020		2,328,496	1,164,003	49.99		1,100,024		2,264,027	97.23	
2019		2,275,428	1,129,413	49.64		1,075,943		2,205,356	96.92	
2018		2,225,567	1,113,470	50.03		1,008,920		2,122,390	95.36	
2017		2,172,848	1,055,944	48.60		1,025,904		2,081,848	95.81	
2016		2,146,095	1,059,793	49.38		1,022,619		2,082,412	97.03	
2015		2,124,861	1,049,872	49.41		972,872		2,022,744	95.19	

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

APRIL 30, 2024

		Governmental Activities			Business-Ty	pe i	Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended	Debt	Installment Contracts			nstallment Contracts		Leases		Total Primary	Percentage of Personal		Per
April 30	Certificates	Payable	Leas	se Payable	 Payable		Payable	Gc	vernment	Income (1)	Сар	oita (1)
2024	\$ 5,288,59	3 \$ 332,317	\$	28,179	\$ 616,597	\$	20,758	\$	6,286,444	0.92	\$	339
2023	5,550,77	3 453,377		22,002	164,099		19,470		6,209,721	0.96		335
2022	5,967,95	3 167,098		-	205,667		-		6,340,718	0.99		342
2021	6,365,13	2 327,831		-	260,192		-		6,953,155	1.18		375
2020	6,747,31	2 250,643		-	333,174		-		7,331,129	1.26		418
2019	7,204,46	2 304,439		-	407,968		-		7,916,869	1.37		451
2018	1,429,37	2 -		-	117,986		-		1,547,358	0.27		89
2017	2,224,72	6 129,457		-	174,089		-		2,528,272	0.45		145
2016	2,985,07	7 252,849		-	269,138		-		3,507,064	0.64		199
2015	3,715,42	8 341,227		_	179,932		_		4,236,587	0.77		240

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Note: The City adopted GASB 87 during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023. Prior years are not restated to reflect retrospective adoption of GASB 87.

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPNG GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

APRIL 30, 2024

	2023 Equalized	Ocatata in allino in	-	Applica	ble	to City
Overlapping Agencies	Assessed Valuation *	Outstanding Debt		Percent *		Amount
Cook County	\$199,159,851,455	\$ 2,093,131,750	•	0.261	\$	5,463,074
Cook County Forest Preserve	199,159,851,455	87,340,000		0.261		227,957
Metropolitan Water Reclamation District	195,688,303,770	2,517,556,218	(1)	0.265		6,671,524
Park Districts:						
Hickory Hills Park District	498,022,292	1,675,000	(2)	0.038		637
Worth Park District	252,892,460	150,000		0.441		662
Schools:						
School District #117	885,221,688	12,340,000		39.061		4,820,127
School District #118	1,083,121,828	3,945,000		16.041		632,817
School District #127	242,618,711	207,556	(3)	0.005		10
High School District #230	6,537,373,690	28,875,000		7.947		2,294,696
Community College District #524	14,107,071,337	23,165,000	(2)	3.683		853,167
Total overlapping debt						20,964,671
Direct debt:						
City of Palos Hills	519,539,384	5,649,089				5,649,089
Total direct and overlapping debt					\$	26,613,760

⁽¹⁾ Includes IEPA Revolving Loan Fund Bonds.

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the City is estimated using equalized assessed values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the equalized assessed valuation of each overlapping entity located within the City's boundaries to the total equalized assessed valuation of the overlapping entity.

Source: Cook County Clerk's Office

⁽²⁾ Excludes principal amounts of outstanding General Obligation Alternate Revenue Source Bonds which are expected to be paid from sources other than general taxation.

⁽³⁾ Includes original principal amounts of outstanding General Obligation Capital Appreciation Bonds.

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Debt limit	\$ 44,810,272	\$ 31,385,633	\$ 31,385,633	\$ 34,021,294	\$ 30,493,949	\$ 30,732,251	\$ 31,939,377	\$ 27,584,413	\$ 26,541,613	\$ 27,175,194
Total net debt applicable to limit	6,286,444	6,209,721	6,340,718	6,953,155	7,331,129	7,916,869	1,552,926	2,528,546	3,507,064	4,226,159
Legal debt margin	\$ 38,523,828	\$ 25,175,912	\$ 25,044,915	\$ 27,068,139	\$ 23,162,820	\$ 22,815,382	\$ 30,386,451	\$ 25,055,867	\$ 23,034,549	\$ 22,949,035
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	14.03%	19.79%	20.20%	20.44%	24.04%	25.76%	4.86%	9.17%	13.21%	15.55%

Equalized assessed valuation of taxable property (2023 levy; the most	
recent information available)	\$ 519,539,384
Legal applicable rate	0.08625
Legal applicable limit	44,810,272
Less: Debt certificates	(5,288,593)
Less: Installment contracts	(948,914)
Less: Leases payable	(48,937)
Legal debt margin	\$ 38,523,828

Note: Debt limit ceiling is established by the Illinois General Assembly and promulgated in the current edition of the Illinois Compiled Statutes.

Source: Equalized Assessed Valuation of Taxable Property from Cook County, Illinois Tax Extension Division.

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Education Level Age 25 and Older

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (in thousands)	Per Capita Income (1)	Metro Area Unemployment Rate	Median Age (1)	Four Years of High School	One Year or More of College	Enrollment (2)
2024	18,530	725,700	36,985	5.00%	46.7	4,105	7,916	4,336
2023	18,530	643,640	34,564	7.00	44.6	3,765	7,731	2,793
2022	18,530	643,640	34,564	8.40	44.6	3,765	7,731	4,706
2021	18,530	591,040	31,884	8.40	40.8	4,334	7,007	4,626
2020	17,540	579,560	30,243	15.20	42.3	4,383	7,138	4,974
2019	17,545	579,560	33,033	3.70	41.0	4,385	7,200	4,142
2018	17,410	573,350	32,932	4.40	42.3	3,791	6,263	4,261
2017	17,484	556,000	30,279	4.30	42.3	3,791	6,263	5,729
2016	17,652	548,000	29,785	5.80	45.3	3,791	6,263	5,610
2015	17,627	548,000	31,089	6.10	44.8	3,857	3,577	5,658

Data Sources:

⁽¹⁾ Derived from the U.S. Census Bureau (most recent data). All other amounts are estimates prepared by the City, Northern Illinois Planning Commission, and the Illinois Department of Employment Security.

⁽²⁾ School District 117 Administration Offices.

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Function:				_		,				
Public safety - Police:										
Officers	29	31	29	31	31	30	31	31	31	31
Civilians	11	11	11	12	13	10	8	6	3	3
Public works	22	22	22	21	20	20	19	19	18	18
Culture and recreation:										
Resource and recreation	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
Golf	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
General government	3	5	4	5	5	6	6	6	6	6
Total	70	74	71	74	75	72	70	68	64	64

Source: Internal City records.

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS OPERATING INDICATORS AND CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Function:						•				
Public safety:										
Police department:										
Arrests	194	207	257	198	237	360	355	388	453	544
Traffic violations	2,334	1,640	1,758	1,435	2,170	3,457	3,464	4,189	4,732	4,498
Parking violations	1,064	1,418	1,516	2,444	3,098	3,882	4,019	4,013	3,732	2,955
Public works:										
Streets resurfaced (in miles)	1	3	3	3	-	5	-	-	-	-
Building and community development:										
Building permits issued:										
Commercial	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Single units	5	6	2	-	6	6	5	2	7	7
Multiple unit	=	4	=	-	=	-	=	-	1	-
Building value	\$ 1,595,000	\$ 5,900,000	\$ 2,705,000	\$ 2,473,900	\$ 1,715,000	\$ 2,049,000	\$ 1,405,000	\$ 510,000	\$ 2,255,000	\$ 17,871,500
Number of dwelling units	7,976	7,972	7,951	7,953	7,946	7,944	7,942	7,937	7,935	7,934
Number of registered voters	11,729	11,729	11,571	12,498	11,296	11,209	11,047	11,428	14,718	14,718
Education - public - June enrollment	4,336	2,793	4,706	4,626	4,974	4,142	4,261	5,729	5,610	5,658
Waterworks and sewerage:										
Number of properties served by the combined										
waterworks and sewerage system	6,322	6,310	6,310	6,308	6,305	6,302	6,295	6,290	6,390	6,387
Number of metered customers served by the										
combined waterworks and sewerage system	7,712	7,699	7,699	7,695	7,692	7,689	7,682	7,672	7,814	7,811
Number of metered customers served by the waterworks system only	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212
Number of unmetered customers served by the		212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212	212
combined waterworks and sewerage system	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water main breaks	62	65	72	75	70	80	87	85	69	80
Average daily consumption (in 000's)	1,180	1,180	1,180	1,180	1,180	1,184	1,184	1,172	1,164	1,216
Gallons per customer	142	142	142	142	142	143	143	150	149	154
Gallons per capita	68	68	68	68	68	68	68	67	66	70
Total gallons purchased and pumped by the										
City (in 000's)	483,000	482,000	487,000	500,196	482,491	508,253	494,659	489,679	490,634	554,928
Total gallons billed (in 000's)	406,000	412,000	424,000	435,156	423,367	425,356	432,309	459,105	425,192	443,776
Function:										
Public safety - Police department:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	29	29	29	31	31	29	28	28	28	28
Dublic conden										
Public works:	72	72	72	70	72	72	72	72	72	70
Miles of streets	72 416	72 416	72 416	72 416	72 416	72 416	72 435	433	433	72 432
Number of street lights Number of street and traffic control lights	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020
Number of street and trailic control lights	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020	2,020
Waterworks and sewerage:										
Miles of water mains	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67
Fire hydrants	872	871	871	873	871	871	871	871	871	871
Sanitary and combined sewers (miles)	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Storm sewers (miles)	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Public retention/detention basins	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54

Source: Internal City records.



CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOISGOVERNMENT-WIDE REVENUES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Program	Revenues		General Revenues										
Fiscal Year	Operating / Charges Capital for Grants and Services Contributions		Propo Tax	•	Utility Taxes	Inter- governmental			Other	Total				
2024	\$ 9,673,004	\$ 1,506,728	\$ 2,5	13,951 \$	1,005,480	\$	5,489,109	\$	1,762,671	\$	21,980,943			
2023	9,352,208	2,982,590	2,39	97,445	1,113,579		5,298,349		1,496,560		22,640,731			
2022	9,142,534	3,407,071	2,40	08,205	1,053,542		5,111,061		1,407,571		22,529,984			
2021	8,902,707	2,362,592	2,2	24,155	917,859		3,939,208		1,422,013		19,768,534			
2020	8,333,756	848,154	2,23	35,721	935,003		3,327,139		1,579,780		17,259,553			
2019	8,963,433	517,712	2,14	13,450	1,005,258		3,325,363		1,382,037		17,337,253			
2018	8,732,824	716,864	2,1	70,247	1,023,765		3,035,299		1,166,038		16,845,037			
2017	8,093,409	541,057	2,12	24,377	1,046,362		2,978,772		973,161		15,757,138			
2016	7,990,941	531,380	2,0	77,927	1,029,936		3,034,709		1,084,045		15,748,938			
2015	7,612,589	-	2,00	55,403	1,124,236		3,768,359		987,890		15,558,477			

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOISGOVERNMENT-WIDE EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	General Government	Parks	Public Safety	Public Works	nterest on Long-term Debt	Waterworks and Sewerage	Golf Course	Total
2024	\$ 2,694,809	\$ 1,427,800	\$ 9,919,277	\$ 2,687,148	\$ 204,449	\$ 6,660,656	\$ 353,290	\$23,947,429
2023	2,537,876	703,098	9,629,212	2,905,277	233,824	6,373,121	339,976	22,722,384
2022	1,869,932	686,645	8,966,255	1,960,589	239,555	5,563,983	278,965	19,565,924
2021	2,149,991	387,352	9,480,593	1,776,766	271,549	6,389,405	282,649	20,738,305
2020	2,472,062	633,578	11,696,150	1,974,010	253,763	5,881,283	235,797	23,146,643
2019	2,358,272	704,778	6,897,450	2,561,447	74,701	5,859,602	354,955	18,811,205
2018	2,150,907	654,963	6,829,394	1,060,536	69,756	5,651,677	357,180	16,774,413
2017	2,010,117	610,700	6,779,937	959,427	125,383	5,276,906	360,182	16,122,652
2016	2,270,763	583,360	6,169,070	1,003,154	35,544	5,365,987	379,533	15,807,411
2015	2,018,083	641,454	5,598,785	899,488	169,551	5,097,599	356,389	14,781,349

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS GENERAL GOVERNMENT REVENUES BY SOURCE (1)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	All	Licenses, Permits	Intergov-	Intragov-	Fines and	0 /1	
<u>Year</u>	Taxes (2)	and Fees	ernmental	ernmental	Forfeitures	Other	Total
2024	\$ 3,549,431	\$ 2,184,360	\$ 6,995,837	\$ 300,000	\$ 876,543	\$ 449,460	\$ 14,355,631
2023	3,511,024	2,301,921	8,280,939	300,000	761,794	280,293	15,435,971
2022	3,461,747	2,220,705	8,518,132	300,000	814,113	245,002	15,559,699
2021	3,142,014	2,082,391	6,301,800	450,000	802,086	170,850	12,949,141
2020	3,170,724	2,116,046	4,175,293	260,000	716,237	375,252	10,813,552
2019	3,148,708	2,323,770	3,843,075	260,000	1,046,739	189,340	10,811,632
2018	3,194,012	2,053,634	3,986,500	260,000	1,033,215	74,459	10,601,820
2017	3,170,739	1,742,763	3,285,492	260,000	764,221	92,718	9,315,933
2016	3,107,863	1,729,860	3,879,500	260,000	896,752	194,228	10,068,203
2015	3,189,639	1,848,050	3,719,209	260,000	754,660	97,310	9,868,868

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds.(2) Includes property taxes and utility taxes.

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOISGENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	General		Public	Public	Debt	Capital	
Year	Government	Parks	Safety	Works	Services	Outlay	Total
2024	\$ 2,307,657	\$ 580,597	\$6,954,628	\$ 2,630,630	\$ 592,430	\$ 2,077,930	\$ 15,143,872
2023	2,439,324	590,121	6,446,467	2,113,584	734,717	1,472,444	13,796,657
2022	2,411,573	583,347	6,319,876	1,898,994	788,792	1,454,292	13,456,874
2021	2,170,153	298,214	5,829,813	1,602,077	788,776	3,687,555	14,376,588
2020	1,928,618	712,278	5,690,857	1,058,539	734,989	7,045,279	17,170,560
2019	1,974,214	629,564	5,592,703	1,883,441	1,071,505	826,032	11,977,459
2018	1,881,088	613,288	5,403,606	843,018	1,014,348	395,180	10,150,528
2017	1,794,250	569,875	5,317,502	928,976	1,009,522	130,649	9,750,774
2016	1,806,742	534,901	4,966,921	996,744	1,008,319	154,015	9,467,642
2015	1,725,430	592,859	4,994,688	871,196	875,242	677,463	9,736,878

⁽¹⁾ Includes General, Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds.

CITY OF PALOS HILLS, ILLINOIS TABLE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE

APRIL 30, 2024

Type of Coverage General & Automobile liability includes Law Enforcement liability	Insurance Carrier IMLRMA - Great American Insurance Company and NLC Mutual	Amount of Coverage \$8,000,000 each occurrence
Employment Practices - Per Injury	IMLRMA - Great American Insurance Company and NLC Mutual	\$8,000,000 each occurrence
Public Officials Liability	IMLRMA - Great American Insurance Company and NLC Mutual	\$8,000,000 each occurrence
Liquor Liability	IMLRMA - Great American Insurance Company	\$1,000,000 each occurrence
Uninsured/Underinsured motorist	IMLRMA - Great American Insurance Company and NLC Mutual	\$100,000 each person \$300,000 each accident
Property - includes auto physical damage; bldg & personal property & inland marine	IMLRMA - Great American Insurance Company and NLC Mutual	\$30,000,000 any location Each occurrence
Crime	IMLRMA - Great American Insurance Company	\$100,000 each occurrence
Workers Compensation	IMLRMA - Safety National and NLC Mutual	Statutory Limits
Bonds	IMLRMA- Great American Insurance Company	Mayor - \$100,000
		Treasurer - \$100,000 Clerk - \$100,000 Deputy Clerk - \$100,000 City Collector - \$100,000 Administrative Office Manager- Court/Clerk - \$5,000
Boiler & Machinery	Travelers Ins. Co.	\$28,224,415
Information Security Protection (Cyber Security	r) Tokio Marine	\$250,000 per claim/aggregate \$150,000 cyber extortion \$100,000 cyber crime





Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the City Council City of Palos Hills, Palos Hills, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Palos Hills, Illinois (the "City"), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cherry Bekast LLP
Orland Park, Illinois
December 9, 2024

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